

Uptake of GCE A level subjects 2010

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Please note that this is a revised report. The previous version did not include A levels taken by candidates prior to summer of year 13. The true levels of uptake in some subjects were therefore underestimated. The report has now been amended to include these qualifications.

Introduction

This report looks at the uptake of A level subjects in England in 2010. The data for these analyses were taken from the National Pupil Database (NPD). This is a database held by the Department for Education, consisting of results for all students in all subjects in schools and colleges in England, as well as pupil and school background characteristics such as age, gender, ethnicity and level of deprivation.

For the analysis of uptake at A-level the Key Stage 5 (KS5) extract of the NPD was used. This data was restricted to exams taken by students who were in year 13 in 2009/10. It includes exams taken by these students in previous years, to allow for A levels taken in year 12 or earlier. Uptake in a subject is defined as the percentage of year 13 A level students taking an A level in the subject.

Tables 1 and 2 are a breakdown of the number of A levels taken by students.

Table 1: Number of A levels taken (% of A level students)

Number of A levels	Percentage
1	10.8
2	15.7
3	51.0
4	19.8
5+	2.6
No of students	268,763

Table 2: Number of A levels taken, excluding General Studies (% of A level students)

Number of A levels	Percentage
1	11.4
2	17.4
3	60.7
4	9.6
5+	0.8
No of students	268,016

Uptake of A levels in this report is presented by different student classifications: school type, prior attainment, school gender and deprivation level. In the following tables the numbers of students in each of the classifications are presented.

School type

There are several different types of school where students study for A levels. For this report these were classified into seven groups. Table 3 presents the number and percentage of A level students attending each school type (schools denoted as 'other' or 'unidentified' are not included).

Table 3: A level students by school type

School type	Number of students	Percentage
Academy	4,642	1.7
Comprehensive	117,299	43.6
FE/Tertiary College	25,762	9.6
Grammar	22,057	8.2
Independent	35,006	13.0
Secondary Modern	4,108	1.5
Sixth Form College	57,512	21.4

Prior attainment

Students were classified by their attainment at GCSE. GCSE grades were converted into scores (A* = 8, A= 7, B= 6 etc) and a mean GCSE was calculated for each student, which was then used to divide students up into three approximately equally sized attainment groups: low, medium and high. Table 4 presents the number in each group as well as the mean, minimum and maximum value of mean GCSE for each group.

Table 4: A level students by prior attainment

Prior attainment group	Number of students	Minimum	Maximum	Mean
Low	85,775	1.0	5.6	5.1
Medium	88,446	5.7	6.5	6.1
High	85,423	6.5	8.0	7.1

Deprivation level

The level of deprivation that a student experiences was measured by the Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index (IDACI). This is a measure of the percentage of children in a very small geographical area (Lower Layer Super Output Area or LSOA) who live in families that are income deprived. It varies between 0 and 1, with 0 representing minimum deprivation and 1 maximum deprivation.

It should be noted that there was a significant amount of missing data for this measure (42.3% of students had no record). Students who did have a measure of deprivation were divided up into three equally sized groups. Table 5 presents the number of students and the mean, minimum and maximum IDACI values in each group.

Table 5: A level students by deprivation level

Deprivation Group	Number of students	Minimum	Maximum	Mean
Low	49,442	0.01	0.07	0.04
Medium	49,437	0.07	0.17	0.11
High	49,437	0.17	1.00	0.33

School gender

The school gender variable was determined by the female ratio (number of females over the total number of students) in the school. If this ratio was greater than 0.95, the school was considered to be a “Girls” school. If the female ratio was less than 0.05, then the school was designated a “Boys” school. The rest of the schools were considered “Mixed” schools. Table 6 shows the numbers and percentages of students attending the different types of schools.

Table 6: A level students by school gender

School gender	Number of students	Percentage
Boys school	10,248	3.8
Girls school	18,501	6.9
Mixed school	240,014	89.3

Number of A levels taken

The number of A levels taken by students in each of the classifications are presented in Tables 7-10. For example, Table 7 shows that 25.1% of A level students in Academies took only one A level. Table 8 shows that 40% of A level students with low prior attainment took 3 A levels.

Table 7: Number of A levels taken, by school type (% of students)

Number of A levels	Acad	Comp	FE/Ter College	Grammar	Ind	Sec Mod	6th Form College
1	25.1	11.7	15.7	1.0	4.6	25.6	11.5
2	22.9	18.7	21.7	4.1	6.1	28.8	15.5
3	35.9	51.3	52.5	45.6	64.9	37.8	45.9
4	14.2	16.7	9.5	40.5	21.1	7.2	23.9
5+	1.9	1.6	0.6	8.9	3.3	0.5	3.1
No of students	4,642	117,299	25,762	22,057	35,006	4,108	57,512

Table 8: Number of A levels taken, by prior attainment (% of students)

Number of A levels	Low	Medium	High
1	23.7	6.5	1.4
2	28.7	15.3	3.7
3	40.0	58.7	55.4
4	7.3	18.5	33.3
5+	0.3	1.0	6.2
No of students	85,775	88,446	85,423

Table 9: Number of A levels taken, by deprivation level (%of students)

Number of A levels	Low	Medium	High
1	7.5	9.7	15.7
2	14.1	16.7	19.7
3	51.2	49.9	47.6
4	24.0	20.8	15.2
5+	3.2	2.9	1.9
No of students	49,442	49,437	49,437

Table 10: Number of A levels taken, by school gender (%)

Number of A levels	Boys school	Girls school	Mixed school
1	4.6	4.7	11.5
2	6.5	7.2	16.8
3	48.7	58.0	50.6
4	33.4	25.7	18.8
5+	6.8	4.5	2.3
No of students	10,248	18,501	240,014

Uptake of individual A level subjects

In the following tables the uptake of individual subjects is presented, broken down into the classifications outlined above. Subjects with an overall uptake level of less than 1% are not included. In each table the subjects are ordered by overall uptake (highest first). Thus, Mathematics had the highest level of uptake, being taken by 24.4% of all A level students, 31.5% of males and 18.4% of females.

Table 11: Uptake of individual subjects by gender (% of students)

Subject	All	Male	Female
Mathematics	24.4	31.5	18.4
Psychology	19.4	11.3	26.2
Biology	19.0	18.1	19.8
General Studies	17.6	17.7	17.4
English Literature	16.5	10.2	22.0
History	16.4	17.6	15.5
Chemistry	14.5	16.5	12.7
Geography	10.6	12.6	9.0
Business Studies:Single	10.6	13.8	7.9
Physics	10.1	17.4	3.9
Sociology	9.9	5.3	13.9
Media/Film/Tv Studies	9.1	8.7	9.5
English Language	8.4	6.2	10.3
Economics	7.3	10.9	4.2
Physical Education/Sports Studies	7.1	10.1	4.5
Religious Studies	6.6	4.7	8.2
English Language & Literature	6.0	3.9	7.7
Art & Design (Fine Art)	5.8	3.4	7.7
Drama & Theatre Studies	5.7	4.0	7.1
Law	5.2	4.6	5.7
Government & Politics	4.5	5.5	3.6
French	4.5	3.1	5.7
D&T Product Design	4.4	6.5	2.6
Art & Design (Photography)	4.2	2.8	5.4
Mathematics (Further)	3.9	5.8	2.3
Information & Communications Technology	3.4	4.8	2.3
Art & Design	3.2	1.9	4.4
Film Studies	2.4	2.9	2.1
Spanish	2.4	1.7	2.9
Music	2.1	2.3	1.9
German	1.9	1.6	2.1
Art & Design (Graphics)	1.6	1.6	1.6
Art & Design (Textiles)	1.4	0.1	2.6
Accounting/Finance	1.4	1.9	1.0
Computer Studies/Computing	1.4	2.7	0.2
Classical Civilisation	1.3	1.1	1.5
Music Technology	1.2	2.1	0.4
Logic/ Philosophy	1.1	1.2	1.1

Table 12: Uptake of individual subjects by school type (% of students)

Subject	FE/Ter				6th Form		
	Acad	Comp	College	Grammar	Ind	Sec Mod	College
Mathematics	19.0	22.2	15.9	38.0	37.4	13.4	21.1
Psychology	16.8	20.3	23.4	18.6	8.8	20.8	22.6
Biology	16.0	18.6	12.8	31.1	23.7	11.1	16.3
General Studies	13.5	16.7	4.3	37.5	6.6	6.0	26.2
English Literature	19.1	18.3	10.7	21.8	19.9	18.7	11.4
History	13.8	17.6	11.8	20.5	20.8	14.7	12.6
Chemistry	12.9	13.0	8.5	26.1	21.4	6.9	12.3
Geography	6.9	11.4	5.8	14.4	15.8	11.4	7.2
Business Studies:Single	8.3	9.4	14.2	9.1	11.0	8.4	11.9
Physics	8.4	9.5	5.9	16.9	16.7	4.7	7.6
Sociology	10.4	10.4	17.0	6.1	1.0	12.3	12.2
Media/Film/Tv Studies	12.2	10.3	12.7	4.1	1.4	15.4	11.1
English Language	7.6	8.6	11.1	5.8	2.5	5.0	11.9
Economics	3.1	5.2	4.3	11.2	17.4	1.3	6.2
Physical Education/Sports Studies	5.2	8.1	4.1	6.4	6.8	6.6	7.0
Religious Studies	6.0	7.7	2.0	9.0	9.7	6.3	3.9
English Language & Literature	5.6	5.4	12.4	3.5	1.1	6.1	8.0
Art & Design (Fine Art)	5.3	5.8	5.4	5.5	7.2	4.7	5.2
Drama & Theatre Studies	5.7	6.9	3.8	4.7	6.0	6.4	4.4
Law	4.1	3.3	11.9	1.7	0.4	5.2	10.4
Government & Politics	2.4	3.5	3.4	7.9	7.3	2.4	4.4
French	2.8	3.7	2.1	7.7	9.5	2.2	3.2
D&T Product Design	5.3	5.9	0.8	5.1	4.9	5.9	2.3
Art & Design (Photography)	4.3	3.8	7.5	0.5	2.3	5.7	5.7
Mathematics (Further)	2.2	2.9	2.1	6.7	8.6	1.2	3.2
Information & Communications Technology	3.4	3.6	4.6	3.3	2.0	2.3	3.6
Art & Design	5.9	4.0	1.8	2.6	3.9	5.8	1.8
Film Studies	1.1	1.9	5.7	1.2	0.4	1.7	3.9
Spanish	1.5	1.6	1.4	3.5	5.8	1.3	2.0
Music	1.9	2.2	0.9	2.7	3.4	1.2	1.6
German	1.4	1.6	1.0	3.5	3.6	0.7	1.3
Art & Design (Graphics)	0.5	0.9	3.5	0.2	0.5	1.6	3.3
Art & Design (Textiles)	1.4	1.2	2.0	0.4	0.9	1.8	2.4
Accounting/Finance	0.6	0.5	4.0	0.1	0.6	0.4	3.1
Computer Studies/Computing	0.7	0.9	1.8	1.5	0.6	0.1	2.6
Classical Civilisation	0.3	0.6	0.9	2.2	3.1	0.0	1.6
Music Technology	1.0	1.3	1.0	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.5
Logic/ Philosophy	0.4	0.5	1.8	1.0	1.1	0.0	2.4

Table 13: Uptake of individual subjects by prior attainment (% of students)

Subject	Low	Medium	High
Mathematics	6.8	19.3	45.0
Psychology	18.6	25.1	15.2
Biology	5.9	18.9	32.7
General Studies	11.6	19.2	23.1
English Literature	12.5	16.8	21.1
History	10.9	16.8	22.4
Chemistry	3.3	10.9	28.8
Geography	6.5	11.8	14.0
Business Studies:Single	13.4	13.1	5.3
Physics	2.7	8.6	18.2
Sociology	15.8	10.8	3.5
Media/Film/Tv Studies	17.0	8.7	2.2
English Language	9.7	10.0	6.0
Economics	3.2	6.6	11.2
Physical Education/Sports Studies	7.6	9.4	4.6
Religious Studies	6.0	7.1	7.1
English Language & Literature	7.1	7.1	4.0
Art & Design (Fine Art)	5.9	6.2	5.3
Drama & Theatre Studies	6.7	6.3	4.4
Law	6.8	6.0	3.0
Government & Politics	3.1	4.5	6.0
French	1.0	2.7	9.7
D&T Product Design	5.5	5.1	2.9
Art & Design (Photography)	7.1	4.2	1.4
Mathematics (Further)	0.3	1.5	8.6
Information & Communications Technology	4.9	4.0	1.5
Art & Design	3.5	3.5	2.8
Film Studies	4.6	2.2	0.7
Spanish	0.7	1.6	4.6
Music	1.2	2.1	3.1
German	0.5	1.2	3.5
Art & Design (Graphics)	2.4	1.7	0.7
Art & Design (Textiles)	1.9	1.7	0.8
Accounting/Finance	1.8	1.6	0.6
Computer Studies/Computing	1.1	1.7	1.3
Classical Civilisation	0.8	1.4	1.7
Music Technology	1.5	1.3	0.7
Logic/ Philosophy	0.6	1.3	1.6

Table 14: Uptake of individual subjects by deprivation group (% of students)

Subject	Low	Medium	High
Mathematics	25.9	23.8	23.3
Psychology	19.9	19.8	20.4
Biology	21.8	20.2	18.9
General Studies	23.3	20.7	14.1
English Literature	18.5	18.8	18.9
History	18.9	18.8	15.8
Chemistry	15.7	14.3	14.7
Geography	14.3	12.6	8.2
Business Studies:Single	10.4	9.1	8.8
Physics	11.7	10.9	8.8
Sociology	8.0	9.1	12.5
Media/Film/Tv Studies	8.4	9.7	10.6
English Language	9.3	8.4	6.4
Economics	6.5	5.3	5.8
Physical Education/Sports Studies	9.1	8.4	5.8
Religious Studies	7.4	7.6	8.2
English Language & Literature	5.2	5.7	5.0
Art & Design (Fine Art)	5.5	5.9	5.0
Drama & Theatre Studies	6.5	6.9	5.9
Law	2.9	3.1	3.7
Government & Politics	4.4	3.9	4.1
French	5.1	4.4	3.3
D&T Product Design	5.8	6.0	4.9
Art & Design (Photography)	2.9	3.7	3.5
Mathematics (Further)	4.1	3.5	2.7
Information & Communications Technology	3.2	3.3	4.0
Art & Design	3.3	3.7	3.7
Film Studies	1.6	1.8	1.9
Spanish	2.1	1.8	1.8
Music	2.6	2.4	1.6
German	2.3	1.9	1.4
Art & Design (Graphics)	0.8	0.7	0.8
Art & Design (Textiles)	1.0	1.1	1.1
Accounting/Finance	0.3	0.3	0.8
Computer Studies/Computing	1.1	1.0	0.9
Classical Civilisation	0.9	0.9	0.7
Music Technology	1.2	1.2	1.0
Logic/ Philosophy	0.6	0.5	0.6

Table 15: Uptake of individual subjects by school gender (% of students)

Subject	Boys School	Girls School	Mixed School
Mathematics	48.0	31.3	22.9
Psychology	5.7	20.4	19.9
Biology	23.9	28.6	18.1
General Studies	22.6	17.3	17.4
English Literature	16.0	25.9	15.8
History	22.2	18.8	16.0
Chemistry	24.9	22.9	13.4
Geography	16.4	13.0	10.2
Business Studies:Single	8.2	6.8	11.0
Physics	22.9	8.7	9.7
Sociology	1.8	7.0	10.5
Media/Film/Tv Studies	2.7	3.9	9.8
English Language	3.3	4.7	8.9
Economics	20.5	8.6	6.6
Physical Education/Sports Studies	6.0	3.4	7.4
Religious Studies	7.8	12.9	6.1
English Language & Literature	2.7	2.7	6.3
Art & Design (Fine Art)	4.4	6.5	5.8
Drama & Theatre Studies	2.8	6.3	5.8
Law	1.1	0.9	5.7
Government & Politics	9.9	7.0	4.1
French	7.5	9.6	3.9
D&T Product Design	5.1	2.2	4.5
Art & Design (Photography)	1.1	2.0	4.5
Mathematics (Further)	11.1	4.7	3.5
Information & Communications Technology	2.3	2.6	3.6
Art & Design	2.3	5.1	3.1
Film Studies	0.4	0.4	2.7
Spanish	4.4	5.3	2.0
Music	2.7	2.8	2.0
German	3.2	2.7	1.7
Art & Design (Graphics)	0.3	0.4	1.7
Art & Design (Textiles)	0.0	1.4	1.5
Accounting/Finance	0.3	0.2	1.5
Computer Studies/Computing	2.3	0.1	1.4
Classical Civilisation	1.1	3.4	1.1
Music Technology	0.7	0.2	1.3
Logic/ Philosophy	1.5	0.3	1.2

Combinations of subjects

The ten most common combinations of at least three A levels are presented in Table 16. Tables 17 and 18 present the most common combinations for males and females, respectively.

Table 16: Most common combinations of A level subjects, excluding general studies (% of students with at least 3 A levels)

Combination	Percent	Cumulative percent
Biology - Chemistry - Mathematics	4.0	4.0
Chemistry - Mathematics - Physics	1.6	5.6
Biology - Chemistry - Psychology	1.1	6.7
Chemistry - Mathematics - Mathematics (Further) - Physics	0.9	7.5
Biology - Chemistry - Physics	0.9	8.4
Mathematics - Mathematics (Further) - Physics	0.7	9.1
Biology - Chemistry - Mathematics - Physics	0.7	9.9
Biology - Chemistry - Geography	0.7	10.5
English Literature - History - Psychology	0.6	11.1
Biology - Mathematics - Physics	0.5	11.6

Table 17: Most common combinations of A level subjects, excluding general studies (% of males with at least 3 A levels)

Combination	Percent	Cumulative percent
Biology - Chemistry - Mathematics	3.9	3.9
Chemistry - Mathematics - Physics	2.9	6.8
Chemistry - Mathematics - Mathematics (Further) - Physics	1.5	8.3
Mathematics - Mathematics (Further) - Physics	1.3	9.6
Biology - Chemistry - Physics	1.3	10.9
Biology - Chemistry - Mathematics - Physics	1.0	11.9
Biology - Mathematics - Physics	0.9	12.8
D&T Product Design - Mathematics - Physics	0.8	13.7
Economics - Mathematics - Physics	0.8	14.5
Biology - Chemistry - Psychology	0.7	15.2

Table 18: Most common combinations of A level subjects, excluding general studies (% of females with at least 3 A levels)

Combination	Percent	Cumulative percent
Biology - Chemistry - Mathematics	4.0	4.0
Biology - Chemistry - Psychology	1.4	5.5
English Literature - History - Psychology	0.8	6.3
Biology - Chemistry - Geography	0.7	7.0
English Literature - Psychology - Sociology	0.6	7.6
English Literature - History - Religious Studies	0.6	8.2
Biology - Mathematics - Psychology	0.5	8.7
Chemistry - Mathematics - Physics	0.5	9.3
Biology - Chemistry - Physics	0.5	9.8
English Literature - Government & Politics - History	0.5	10.3

Subject areas and domains

Table 19 presents the uptake of five subject areas at A level. The subjects were grouped into five areas: Science/Mathematics, English, Languages, Social Science/Humanities and Arts. Grouping subjects is not a straightforward task and the allocation of subject areas is always debatable. Details of the subject areas can be found in the Appendix. This analysis is restricted to those students with at least three A level results.

Table 19: Uptake of subject areas by gender and prior attainment (% of students with at least three A levels)

Subject area	F	M	Low	Medium	High	All
Arts	34.8	28.4	48.4	36.9	20.9	31.9
English	47.2	25.1	45.4	39.8	32.4	37.1
Languages	14.0	9.3	4.0	6.9	18.0	11.9
Science	43.4	62.1	27.0	45.2	67.5	51.9
Social Science	74.5	69.8	78.7	77.4	66.0	72.4
Number of Students	103,939	86,845	37,716	66,327	80,348	190,784

Thus, 34.8% of female students taking at least three A levels took at least one arts subject.

Subjects were also grouped in three different domains: Science and Mathematics, Arts and Languages, Social Science and Humanities (see Bell *et al.* (2005)). Students who entered subjects at A level in only one domain have been classified as specialists, and students that entered for two of the domains have been classified as partly-mixed. The uptake of these domains is presented in Table 20.

Table 20: Uptake of combinations of subject domains by gender and prior attainment (% of students with at least three A levels)

	Science / Maths	Arts	Social Sci / Hum	F	M	Low	Medium	High	All
Specialist	Yes	-	-	7.4	16.6	4.0	8.4	17.3	11.6
	-	Yes	-	9.2	4.0	12.9	7.1	4.0	6.8
	-	-	Yes	6.5	8.0	11.5	8.7	4.1	7.2
Total				23.0	28.7	28.4	24.2	25.4	25.6
Partly mixed	Yes	Yes	-	9.0	9.6	4.3	7.2	12.7	9.2
	Yes	-	Yes	15.3	24.6	11.4	18.6	24.0	19.5
	-	Yes	Yes	41.0	25.8	48.5	39.0	24.4	34.1
Total				65.2	60.0	64.2	64.8	61.1	62.8
Completely mixed	Yes	Yes	Yes	11.7	11.3	7.3	11.0	13.5	11.5

Thus, 7.4% of female students took science subjects only at A level (Specialist - Science / Maths), and 23.0% took subjects in only one domain (Specialist - Total). Meanwhile 25.8% of male students took a mix of Arts and Social Science subjects (Partly Mixed - Arts - Social Science / Humanities), and 60.0% took some mix of two domains (Partly mixed - Total).

Facilitating subjects

In a recent guide to making decisions about post-16 education the Russell Group of leading universities defined a group of 'facilitating' subjects: Maths, Further Maths, English, Physics, Biology, Chemistry, Geography, History and Classical and Modern Languages (Russell Group, 2011). These are subjects that are required more often than others for university entry and

therefore give students a wider range of possible degree courses. Table 21 shows the number of the facilitating subjects taken by students at A level, broken down by gender and prior attainment.

Table 22 presents the uptake of these subjects by school type and Table 23 the uptake by deprivation level.

Table 21: Number of 'facilitating' subjects taken, by gender and attainment (% of students with at least three A levels)

No of subjects	F	M	Low	Medium	High	All
0	18.7	14.7	37.8	20.1	4.9	16.8
1	33.1	27.1	40.9	37.9	19.8	30.4
2	27.5	29.2	16.5	28.5	33.5	28.3
3+	20.8	28.9	4.8	13.5	41.7	24.5

Table 22. Number of 'facilitating' subjects taken, by school type (% of candidates with at least three A levels).

No of subjects	Acad	Comp	FE/Ter College	Grammar	Ind	Sec Mod	6th Form College
0	15.0	15.9	27.9	8.4	8.2	18.6	25.2
1	31.6	31.3	37.9	24.2	24.2	37.4	33.0
2	28.4	29.3	21.3	31.5	32.3	27.4	24.5
3+	25.0	23.5	12.9	35.9	35.3	16.5	17.4

Table 23. Number of 'facilitating' subjects taken, by deprivation level (% of candidates with at least three A levels

No of subjects	Low	Medium	High
0	13.7	14.1	15.0
1	29.3	30.1	30.5
2	29.8	29.8	29.7
3+	27.3	26.0	24.8

References

Bell J.F., Malacova E. and Shannon M. (2005) The changing pattern of A-level/AS uptake in England. *The Curriculum Journal*, 16(3): 391-400.

The Russell Group (2011). *Informed Choices: A Russell Group guide to making decisions about post-16 education*. London: The Russell Group

Appendix: Subject Classifications

Science/Maths

Additional Mathematics
Biology
Chemistry
Computer Studies/Computing
Electronics
Environmental Science
Geology
Information & Communications Technology
Mathematics
Mathematics (Further)
Mathematics (Pure)
Mathematics (Statistics)
Physics
Science SA
Science in Society
Use of Mathematics

Social Science and Humanities

Accounting/Finance
Ancient History
Archaeology
Business Studies:Single
Business Studies & Economics
Classical Civilisation
Classics (General)
Critical Thinking
D&T Food Technology
D&T Product Design
D&T Systems & Control
Economics
Geography
Government & Politics
History
Home Economics: Food
Law
Logic/ Philosophy
Psychology
Religious Studies
Social Science: Citizenship
Sociology
World Development

English

Communication Studies
Drama & Theatre Studies
English Language
English Language & Literature
English Literature
Expressive Arts & Performance Studies

Languages

Arabic
Bengali
Chinese
Classical Greek
Dutch
French
German
Gujarati
Italian
Japanese
Latin
Modern Greek
Modern Hebrew
Other Classical Languages
Persian
Polish
Portuguese
Punjabi
Russian
Spanish
Turkish
Urdu

Arts

Art & Design
Art & Design (3d Studies)
Art & Design (Critical Studies)
Art & Design (Fine Art)
Art & Design (Graphics)
Art & Design (Photography)
Art & Design (Textiles)
D&T Textiles Technology
Dance
Film Studies
History of Art
Media/Film/Tv Studies
Music
Music Technology
Physical Education/Sports Studies