

## A Level

# Biology

Session:	2010 June
Туре:	Mark scheme
Code:	H021-H421
Units:	F211; F212; F214; F215

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### Biology

Advanced GCE F211

Cells, Exchange and Transport

#### Mark Scheme for June 2010



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G	uest	ion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
1	(a)	(i)	A = plasma / cell surface, membrane ;		DO NOT CREDIT membrane, cell membrane
			B = DNA / chromosome / chromatin /		DO NOT CREDIT chromosomes (do not accept plural)
			genetic material;		CREDIT loop of / circle of, DNA
					DO NOT CREDIT plasmid, RNA
				2	ACCEPT nucleoid
1	(a)	(ii)	production of ATP ; <u>aerobic</u> respiration ;	hi	ACCEPT named stages of aerobic respiration e.g. Krebs cycle, oxidative phosphorylation, ETC, chemiosmosis, link reaction, substrate level phosphorylation DO NOT CREDIT glycolysis, ATP <i>for</i> respiration
					DO NOT CREDIT produce energy (in form of ATP)
				max 1	IGNORE provide / release energy unqualified
					0061
1	(a)	(iii)	protein synthesis / translation ;		ACCEPT production / creation, of proteins / polypeptides, assembly of proteins from amino acids
			photosynthesis / described ;		IGNORE autotrophic nutrition
				2	<b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> absorption of light unqualified
1	(b)		large surface area to volume ratio ;		ACCEPT large SA:Vol or large SA/Vol
	. ,				ACCEPT small Vol:SA ratio or small Vol/SA
					DO NOT CREDIT large surface area alone
			small so demand for, O <sub>2</sub> / CO <sub>2</sub> , is low ;		IGNORE gases alone, nutrients
			<i>idea of:</i> diffusion (alone) is adequate to meet needs :		ACCEPT idea of : body SA large enough to meet needs by diffusion
			<u> </u>	2	ACCEPT idea of : diffusion distance short

Q	Question		Expected Answers			Marks	Additional Guidance
1	(c)		cell / tissue	function in the lungs			
				recoil OR return to original, size / shape OR to help expel air OR prevents alveoli bursting	C ;	niv	IGNORE stretch / expand ACCEPT ref to lungs, alveoli, airways recoiling etc DO NOT CREDIT ref trachea / bronchi recoiling
				waft / wave / move / AW, mucus secrete / release / produce, mucus constrict the airway / AW	;	4	ACCEPT transport / remove, mucus DO NOT CREDIT dirt particles without ref to mucus DO NOT CREDIT excrete mucus ACCEPT narrows lumen OR controls, airflow / diameter, of airways DO NOT CREDIT ref to alveoli OR greater airflow
			Total			11	
			TOLAT				

Mark Scheme

Q	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
2	(a)				First mark is for 'seeing' and the second mark is for 'recognising' what can now be seen.
			visible / can be seen / increase contrast ;		ACCEPT see detail IGNORE ref to resolution
			named example of what is now visible (after staining) ;	hi	ACCEPT recognise different <i>types</i> of white blood cell ACCEPT can (now) see, nucleus / organelles / named organelles IGNORE recognise parts inside red blood cell IGNORE can now see red blood cells (aready visible)
				2	'can now see red and white blood cells' = 2 marks
2	(b)	(i)	3D shape can be seen / greater depth of field ;	ri	DO NOT CREDIT shape alone
			can see, surface features / detail ;	max 1	<b>ACCEPT</b> 'you can see what is on the surface' <b>IGNORE</b> 'you see the surface better' because this needs further clarification i.e. features, shape, named structure
		(ii)	smaller / named, organelle (becomes visible) ; shapes / details of organelles ;	max 1	ACCEPT named structure(s) such as lysosome, RER, mitochondrion, ribosome, Golgi , vesicle, nucleolus DO NOT CREDIT nucleus or chloroplast (already visible)

3

Q	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
2	(c)		<ul> <li>This is a QWC question</li> <li>1 fetal <u>haemoglobin</u> has a high<u>er</u> <u>affinity</u> (for oxygen) ( than adult haemoglobin) ;</li> <li>2 (fetal Hb) takes up oxygen in low(er) partial pressure of oxygen ;</li> <li>3 placenta has low partial pressure of oxygen ;</li> </ul>	hi	IGNORE oxyhaemoglobin for haemoglobin ACCEPT Hb for <u>haemoglobin</u> (but not HbO) ACCEPT fetal Hb becomes <i>more</i> saturated at a <i>low(er)</i> partial pressure of oxygen ACCEPT ppO <sub>2</sub> / pO <sub>2</sub> / oxygen tension / O <sub>2</sub> concentration, for partial pressure of oxygen
			4 at low partial pressure of oxygen / in placenta, adult (oxy)haemoglobin will dissociate / AW ;	max 3	ACCEPT in placenta mother's haemoglobin, releases its oxygen / saturation drops
			<b>QWC</b> (two terms used in correct context and spelt correctly);	max 1	affinity, dissociate / dissociation, placenta, partial pressure / oxygen tension, saturation / saturated

Q	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
2	(d)	(i)	curve to right of curve A ; appropriate sigmoid shape ;	2	Curve should start at 0% on y axis and reach at least 80% on y axis
2	(d)	(ii)	1 (actively respiring tissue) needs / requires, <i>more</i> oxygen ;	hi	idea of 'more' should be clear as shown (MP 1,2,3,6)
			AIC		ACCEPT make more ATP
			<b>2</b> for aerobic respiration / to release <i>more</i> energy ;		<b>ACCEPT</b> produces <i>a lot</i> of $CO_2$ / as $CO_2$ levels rise
			<b>3</b> (actively respiring tissue produces) <i>more</i> $CO_2$ ;		<b>CREDIT</b> detail to include carbonic acid dissociation / formation of haemoglobinic acid / HHb etc
			${\bf 4}$ haemoglobin involved in transport of $\text{CO}_2$ ;		
			5 less haemoglobin available to combine with $O_2$ ;		DO NOT CREDIT oxygen released <i>more</i> quickly / quicker ACCEPT oxygen released <i>more</i> , readily / easily
			6 (Bohr shift) causes <i>more</i> oxygen to be		'More $CO_2$ produced so more $O_2$ released' = 2 marks
			released;	max 2	
			Total	12	

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Q	Question		Expected Answers		Additional Guidance
3	(a)	(i)			MP 1 awarded for observation that the stain was no longer in the surrounding solution and not for the % of cells containing
			1 at low temperatures, all stain is in cells OR		the stain. <b>ACCEPT</b> the stain is not evenly distributed between cells and solution <b>ACCEPT</b> stain doesn't move out of cells
			no stain in surrounding solution ; 2 (taken up / held) against, diffusion / concentration, gradient ;	h	ACCEPT up the diffusion gradient
			<b>3</b> at high temperature stain not held in cells ;	ar	ACCEPT solution now contains stain ACCEPT 0% = none / no cells (stained)
					MP <b>1</b> and <b>3</b> - must be stated rather than inferred from quoted figs
			<b>4</b> at high temperature enzymes denatured so no ATP for active transport (of stain) ;		IGNORE 'enzymes denatured' alone CREDIT active transport / carrier, proteins denatured ACCEPT mitochondria stopped working so no ATP produced
			<b>5</b> use of correct comparative figs to illustrate a point ;		e.g. 97% at 30°C but 0% at 80°C IGNORE figs without units
			AVP;;	max 2	

Q	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
3	(a)	(ii)	cells, dead / not respiring ;		<b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> 'burst' as these cannot be seen <b>ACCEPT</b> inhibitor present / membrane impermeable
			no, (metabolic) energy / ATP, to take up stain ;		ACCEPT no functioning mitochondria
			AVP ;	max1	
3	(b)	(i)	(membrane) structure disrupted ;	h	Mark first suggestion and if correct award mark – if further answers contradict first answer do not award mark. ACCEPT damaged, destroyed, break down IGNORE membrane, denatured / more fluid
			(phospho)lipid bilayer, melts / more fluid;	ar	IGNORE lipid molecules melt
			(membrane) proteins / carrier molecules, denatured / unable to function ;		ACCEPT lose shape for denatured
			(membrane) becomes more permeable ;	max 1	ACCEPT leaky IGNORE refs to bonds breaking

Q	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance	
3	(b)	(ii)	membrane <u>permeable</u> (to stain) ;		IGNORE leaky	
			methylene blue, leaked out of cells / released to solution ; by diffusion / down concentration gradient ;	h	ACCEPT stain / blue / pigment, moved out IGNORE lost <i>colour</i> / <i>colour</i> moved out (it is in stem of question) ACCEPT by active transport (assuming thermostable enzymes)	
				max 2	blue / stain, diffuses out = 2 marks	
				-		
3	(c)		accuracy take readings at intermediate temperatures (between 50 °C – 70 °C) ;	21	Mark first suggestion only <b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> wider temperature range OR more temperatures unqualified OR more regular intervals <b>ACCEPT</b> take readings every 5 degrees / °C <b>ACCEPT</b> ref. to haemocytometer <b>ACCEPT</b> colorimeter used to measure colour intensity of blue solution <b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> ref to use of c <u>a</u> lorimeter	
			reliability take more, readings at each temperature / repetitions ;	2	ACCEPT repeat experiment (ideally 3 readings for each temperature), increase the number of cells observed ACCEPT replica / replicate for repeat	

Q	Question		Expected Answers		Additional Guidance
3	(d)		nucleus divides / mitosis ;		ACCEPT asexual reproduction / cloning IGNORE cell splits, ref to genetically identical cells
			idea of :		
			cell, swells on one side / bulges ;		IGNORE bud forms on side
			nucleus / cytoplasm / organelles, move into, bud / bulge ;	h	IGNORE replicated DNA enters bud
			pinches off / cell wall forms, (so bud becomes a separate cell) ;	max 2	ACCEPT cytokinesis IGNORE two cells are formed / bud separates unqualified
			Total	10	11200

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Q	luest	ion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
4	(a)	(i)	plant cell / Y, has: a wall ;		Credit reverse argument
			chloroplasts ; vacuole ;	max 2	ACCEPT thylakoid, discs / membranes OR granum(a) IGNORE chlorophyll
4	(a)	(ii)	A1 a vacuole ; E1 to take up water / to become turgid ;	niv	Mark adaptation (A) as stand-alone Ensure explanation (E) stated is appropriately linked to adaptation
			A2 cell wall thicker on one side ; E2 causes, cell to bend / open stoma(ta) ;	rit	DO NOT CREDIT curved cell wall / thick cell wall unqualified ACCEPT close stoma(ta) if adaptation correct
			<b>E3</b> generates ATP (for active transport) ;	max 2	IGNORE rer to chioroplasts
4	(b)	(i)	two homologous chromosomes circled ;	1	ACCEPT one circle around both chromosomes or two circles The two chromosomes must be of same length

F211				Mark Scheme			
4	(b)	(ii)	three chromosomes, one from eac	h pair ;		Chromosomes should be of different lengths however if two are of similar length, look for different centromere position to award mark	
			chromosomes drawn as one bar ;			ACCEPT	
				Arch	2	DO NOT CREDIT two joined together at centromere	
			Total		7		



F211 Question			Μ	June 2010	
		tion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
5	(a)	(i)	osmosis;	1	
		(ii)	2 = symplast (pathway) ;		ACCEPT symplastic
			<b>3</b> = apoplast (pathway) ;	2	ACCEPT apoplastic
		(iii)	S;	1	
			A		
	·	•	Arcr	iives a	

Question		ion	Expected Answers		Additional Guidance
5	(b)		This is a QWC question		
			1 water moves into xylem down water potential gradient ;		<b>ACCEPT</b> $\psi$ for water potential
					<b>ACCEPT</b> water moves from high $\psi$ to low $\psi$
			2 root pressure / high (hydrostatic) pressure at bottom of xylem ;		
			<b>3</b> water vapour loss / <b>transpiration</b> / <b>evaporation</b> , at leaves / top of		
			plant ;		
			4 (creating) low (hydrostatic) pressure at top of xylem ;	c 5	2
			ALLIVE	5 C	
			5 water, under tension / pulled up (in a continuous column);		IGNORE drawn for pulled up
			6 cohesion between water molecules / described ;		
				-	
			7 adhesion of water molecules to xylem / described ;	Dе	
			1101100	5	
			8 capillary action / described ;		ACCEPT ref to xylem being very narrow so water
					rises
			<b>9</b> water moves up (xylem / stem) by <b>mass flow</b> ;		
			<b>10</b> from high(er) (hydrostatic) pressure to low(er) (hydrostatic)		
			pressure / down (hydrostatic) pressure gradient ;	max 4	
			<b>QWC</b> (three terms used in correct context and spelt correctly);		Any three terms from the following :
					water potential, hydrostatic pressure,
					transpiration / evaporation, cohesion / cohesive,
					adhesion / adhesive, tension, root pressure,
				1	capillary action / capillarity, mass flow

Question		ion	Expected Answers			Marks	Additional Guidance	
5	(c)		xylem vessel	phloem sieve tube element				One mark per row Both statements must be correct to achieve mark
			present	absent	;	nive	s 8	DO NOT CREDIT ticks and crosses
			present	absent	;	rita	ge	
			(water and), minerals / ions / salts	products of photosynthesis / sucrose / assimilates / amino acids / minerals / ions / salts / plant 'hormones'	;			Read whole list – if any suggestion is wrong then do not award mark XYLEM DO NOT CREDIT 'nutrients' OR 'water' alone PHLOEM ACCEPT 'sugar' in place of sucrose IGNORE unspecified 'solutes' DO NOT CREDIT glucose
			(only) up stem / towards leaves	both directions / up and down / from source to sink	;			ACCEPT arrows ↑ (xylem) ↓↑ (phloem) DO NOT CREDIT 'all directions' IGNORE ref to pits / lateral movement
			Total				13	

F211

Mark Scheme

Qu	estic	on	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
6	(a)		a single value between 67 and 80 ; ;		two marks for correct answer
				max 2	If answer incorrect, allow one mark for appropriate working i.e. 60 divided by time from trace selected by candidate
-					
6	(b)				Mark first point on each numbered line
			heart rate, slower / lower / reduced / 60 – 63		ACCEPT length of one beat is longer
			beats per minute ;		DO NOT CREDIT 'slows heart's activity'
					IVES or
			rest period / diastole longer ;		ACCEPT T wave elongated / increases from 0.24s to 0.32s /
					Increases by 0.1 s
					IGNORE name of chamber
				$\alpha r$	ITAGA
			ventricle takes longer to contract /		ACCEPT R wave slightly elongated / increases from 0.07s to
			ventricular systole longer;	max 2	0.125 / Increases by 0.05 S
6	(c)		SAN, is pacemaker / initiates heart beat ;		ACCEPT starts, wave of excitation / action potential / electrical
-	(-)				impulse
					IGNORE 'sends out' (wave)
			(SAN sends) impulse / wave of excitation,		
			over atria (walls) ;		<b>IGNORE</b> through / to, the atrium
					DO NOT CREDIT signal / message for impulse, allow ecf
					DO NOT CREDIT pulse
			AVN delays impulse ;		IGNORE delays contraction
			(AVN) sends impulse down, septum /		ACCEPT Purkinje
			bundle of His / Purkyne fibres ;	max 3	
			Total	7	

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### Biology

Advanced GCE F212

Molecules, Biodiversity, Food and Health

#### Mark Scheme for June 2010



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1	(a)	(i)					1		One mark per correct row. <b>IGNORE</b> 'yes', 'no' and ticks and crosses <b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> if anything incorrect is written in any box in the molecule column.
			reagent	observation	molecule	absent or			e.g. statch of cellulose – 0 mark
			ethanol and water	white emulsion	lipid	present			
			Benedict's solution	brick-red precipitate	reducing sugar / lactose / glucose / galactose / monosaccharides	present	;	es	ACCEPT maltose DO NOT CREDIT sucrose
			biuret I and II	lilac colour	protein / named milk protein	present	;		ACCEPT casein / lactoglobulin / lactalbumin / polypeptide
			iodine solution	yellow / brown	starch / amylose	absent	];	3	IGNORE amylopectin
1	(a)	(ii)	milk is alread	y, cloudy / an e	emulsion / white / AW	/;		1	<b>ACCEPT</b> idea of difficulty in detecting change because of the appearance of milk
1	(a)	(iii)							<ul> <li>ACCEPT marking points from clearly labelled diagram but DO NOT CREDIT if contradicted in text.</li> <li>IGNORE individual atoms on diagram and look for correct position of labels</li> <li>MAX 2 if phosphate group included (as could be confused with phospholipid)</li> </ul>
			(one) glycero 3 fatty acids ;	l / glyceride ;					ACCEPT on diagram if 3 shown and at least one labelled ACCEPT triglycerides are esters
			ester bond (b	etween glycero	ol and fatty acid) ;			3	

	Quest	ion	Expected Answer		Additional Guidance	
1	(b)	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	(thermal) insulation ; energy, store / source / release ;	es ag	<ul> <li>MARK THE FIRST RESPONSE ON EACH NUMBERED LINE</li> <li>1 ALLOW 'warmth'</li> <li>2 CREDIT answers that refer to the idea of lipid as a respiratory substrate but DO NOT CREDIT 'for respiration' unqualified IGNORE 'fat contains energy' without further qualification DO NOT CREDIT refs to producing energy or to quick energy release ACCEPT 'provides energy'</li> <li>4 CREDIT ref to cholesterol in membranes</li> <li>9 CREDIT nerve fibres / saltatory conduction IGNORE nerves</li> </ul>	
1	(c)	(i)	saturated ; (fatty acids have) no / fewer, double bonds ; solid at room temperature ;	1 max	Assume answers refer to animal fats unless otherwise stated ACCEPT reverse argument IGNORE ref to fats and oils (as stated in question) ACCEPT 'fatty acids are not kinked' ACCEPT reasonable temperature quoted	

	Quest	ion	Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
1	(c)	(ii) 1	(death rate for) men greater (at any concentration) / AW;		1 ACCEPT ora
		2	(death rates) rise with increasing cholesterol / AW;		<ul> <li><b>2 ACCEPT</b> 'positive correlation' (between death and cholesterol)</li> <li><b>2 ACCEPT</b> 4.8 or below as 'initially'</li> </ul>
		3 4	steep(er) / AW, rise (in, males / both) at higher cholesterol levels ;	00	<ul> <li>ACCEPT 4.8 of below as initially.</li> <li>Answers must refer to latter part of graph only (5.7 or above).</li> <li>ACCEPT difference (between sexes) greater at high concentration</li> </ul>
		5	comparative figures with unit for (blood) cholesterol to support any of the above points ;	ag	<ul> <li>5 There are 3 ways of getting this mark:</li> <li>values for both sexes at single concentration</li> <li>two values for single sex at two concentrations</li> <li>subtraction / calculation, that shows comparison</li> <li>IGNORE terms like 'about'</li> <li>See table for acceptable examples of x and y values</li> <li>if intermediate cholesterol values are used, refer to the graph for the data</li> </ul>
				3 max	

blood cholesterol	deaths per 10 000					
(mmol dm <sup>-3</sup> )	women	men				
3.6	13.2 - 14.1	31.2 - 32.1				
4.3	15.0 - 15.9	26.0 - 26.9				
4.8	14.0 - 14.9	24.0 - 24.9				
5.2	15.1 - 16.0	24.6 - 25.5				
5.7	17.4 - 18.3	25.8 - 26.7				
6.2	17.8 - 18.7	33.2 - 34.1				
6.7	23.5 - 24.3	31.3 - 32.2				
7.3	22.0 - 22.9	44.1 - 45.0				
8.2	31.7 - 32.6	59.5 - 60.4				

Must include (blood) cholesterol units

Any figure within a particular range is acceptable

	Question		Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
1	(c)	(iii)			Mark first two in list
		1	coronary heart disease / CHD / cardio-vascular diseases / heart attack / cardiac arrest / myocardial infarction / MI / angina ; <u>ath</u> erosclerosis / atheroma ; stroke ; <u>Type 2</u> diabetes ;		<ol> <li>DO NOT CREDIT heart disease alone or 'conary' ACCEPT hypertension / high blood pressure</li> <li>DO NOT CREDIT arteriosclerosis</li> </ol>
		3 4		2	
			Total	16	X,



Q	Question		Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
2	(a)		placing, living things / organisms / named organisms, into, groups / categories / taxa / named taxonomic groups ; based on / AW, similarity / difference ;	2	ACCEPT 'grouping living things' Look for the idea of similar organisms being placed in the same group or different organisms being placed in different groups
2	(b)	(i) 1	morphology / anatomy / (observable / physical) features / appearance / AW ;	es	<ul> <li>ACCEPT suitable examples for mps 1 to 4</li> <li>1 CREDIT cell features e.g. nucleus / membrane- bound organelles / cell wall / prokaryotic-eukaryotic features / unicellular</li> </ul>
		2	biochemistry / cytochrome C;		2 CREDIT component of cell wall
		3	genes / DNA / genetics / RNA ;	20	3 IGNORE chromosomes
		4	behaviour / physiology / embryology ;	ag	4 ACCEPT 'how they feed' / nutrition / 'how they reproduce'
		5	idea of shared, evolutionary past / phylogeny ;	3 may	5 ACCEPT 'how closely related' IGNORE refs to interbreeding / fertile offspring
2	(b)	(ii)	TSRWUQ;;;	3	Mark the order of letters (ignoring the dotted lines) All 6 in correct order = 3 marks If any incorrect, then credit T S in order at beginning = 1 mark U Q in order at end = 1 mark R before W anywhere in the sequence = 1 mark

Q	Question		Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
2	(c)				ACCEPT phonetic spellings throughout ACCEPT alternative terms for names of kingdoms and domains throughout (e.g. plants / plantae)
		1	<u>3</u> domains <b>AND</b> <u>5</u> kingdoms ;		
		2	domains are, bacteria / eubacteria, <b>AND</b> , archaea / archaebacteria, <b>AND</b> , eukarya / eukaryotes ;		2 ACCEPT 'eukaryota'
		3	kingdoms are prokaryotes AND protoctists AND fungi AND plants AND animals ;	es	3 DO NOT CREDIT protists / protozoa
		4	eukaryotes split into different kingdoms / all eukaryotes are in the same domain ;		
		5	all prokaryotes are in the same kingdom / prokaryotes split into different domains ;	ag	
		6	domain classification based on, <u>r</u> RNA / ribosomes / RNA polymerase / protein synthesis / enzymes / flagella / membrane structure ;	4 max	6 IGNORE RNA unqualified DO NOT CREDIT other forms of RNA ACCEPT any detail of protein synthesis
			Total	12	

(	Question		Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
3	(a)		young / elderly / HIV infected / malnourished / post-operative / on immunosuppressants / leukaemia / undergoing cancer treatment / anorexics ;		IGNORE prompt lines and mark the answer as a whole ACCEPT AW for young / elderly etc IGNORE 'ill' or 'unfit' IGNORE any reference to populations e.g. those living in vicinity of outbreak
			immature / compromised / weak / AW, immune system ;	2	ACCEPT description ACCEPT no immunity
3	(b)	(i)	ALCHIV	-	DO NOT CREDIT 'mould' – penalise once only
		1	bacteria / (bacterial) cells, divide / increase in number / multiply / reproduce / proliferate / replicate ;		1 IGNORE 'growth' DO NOT CREDIT 'mitosis'
		2	(secrete) enzymes / named enzyme ;	32	2 DO NOT CREDIT excrete Answer should not imply intracellular enzymes
		3	food, digested / broken down ;	- C	
		4a	protein / named protein / polypeptides $\rightarrow$ peptides / amino acids <b>OR</b>		
		4b	fat / triglycerides → fatty acids		4b IGNORE cholesterol
		4c	starch / amylose / glycogen $\rightarrow$ glucose / sugar ;		4c ACCEPT other correct carbohydrate breakdown
		5	production / release / excretion / secretion, of, toxins / named toxin / waste products ;		
		6	(causes) change in, appearance / smell / texture / taste;	3 max	6 CREDIT suitable example e.g. 'goes mushy'

Q	Question		Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
3	(b)	(ii)			Idea of 'more' is needed for all marking points but it can be stated once and linked to more than one point.
					• e.g. 'more bacteria secreting enzymes' = mp 2 and 4
					ACCEPT converse argument throughout
					ACCEPT 'fungi' / 'mould' in place of bacteria as question stem does not specify
			Archiv	20	×.
		1	bacteria, reproduce / AW, more rapidly / faster ;	63	<ul> <li>IGNORE 'grow'</li> <li>IGNORE 'more easily' or 'effectively'</li> <li>DO NOT CREDIT if the candidate thinks there is no</li> </ul>
		2	(so) more bacteria present ;	ąø	reproduction at 5°C
		3	more, toxins / waste, produced / released / AW ;	-6	
		4	more enzymes, secreted / AW ;		4 DO NOT CREDIT excreted
		5	enzyme, action faster / works better / more effective, at higher temperatures ;		5 IGNORE optimum
		6	(substrate and enzymes have) more kinetic energy;		
		7	more, enzyme-substrate complexes / ESC / (successful) collisions between substrate and active site ;	3 max	

(	Question		Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
3	(b)	(iii)	max 2 for 2 distinct methods max 2 for 2 <b>correctly linked</b> explanations Only credit the explanation mark if the method mark has been awarded.		Where more than one method is given, mark first on line and assume explanation linked with that <b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> chilling or freezing (as in question)
		M1 E1	salting ; lack of <u>water</u> due to, osmosis / low water potential (outside cell) ;		<b><i>M1</i> IGNORE</b> drying <b><i>E1</i> ALLOW</b> low $\Psi$ / high solute potential
		M2 E2	sugar ; lack of <u>water</u> due to, osmosis / low water potential (outside cell) ;		<b>M2 IGNORE</b> drying <b>E2 ALLOW</b> low Ψ / high solute potential
		M3 E3	(air / freeze) drying ; <i>idea that</i> enzymes cannot mobilise / intracellular transport impaired / reactions have no medium in which to occur / (microbes) cannot move ;	es	8
		M4 E4	pickling / (use of) vinegar ; (low pH) denatures / changes tertiary structure of / changes 3D shape of, enzymes / proteins OR substrate no longer fits active site / active site shape changes / prevents ESC ;	ag	E4 DO NOT CREDIT high pH
		M5 E5	heat treatment / cooking ; denatures / changes tertiary structure of / changes 3D shape of, enzymes / proteins OR substrate no longer fits active site / active site shape changes / prevents ESC ;		<ul> <li>M5 ACCEPT pasteurising IGNORE canning for this mp</li> <li>E5, E 6 &amp; E7 ACCEPT 'kills bacteria' or 'kills microbes' as a reason supporting heat treatment, irradiation or smoking only once</li> </ul>
		M6 E6	irradiation / UV / gamma rays / X-rays / <u>ionising</u> radiation ; destroys / damages / changes / mutates, DNA / genes / genetic material ;		<i>M6</i> <b>CREDIT</b> radiation if correctly qualified in explanation
		M7 E7	smoking; (so exposed to) antibacterial / named antibacterial, chemical(s);		alcohol
		M8 E8	vacuum packing / canning / bottling ; microorganisms cannot respire <u>aerobic</u> ally ;	4	<b>E8</b> IGNORE 'denaturing' as a consequence of canning / bottling

Question	Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
3 (c)	This is a QWC question Ignore sections and mark as continuous prose		Assume candidate is talking about mycoprotein unless otherwise stated. <b>CREDIT</b> ora for beef throughout. <b>IGNORE</b> use of figures alone when awarding mps <b>1</b> , <b>3</b> , <b>6</b> , <b>7</b> , <b>9</b> – look for <u>descriptive statement</u> , e.g. • '12 g of protein' = no mark • 'only 12 g orotein' = 1 mark (mp. 9)
	<ul> <li>low(er) / less, <u>energy</u> (than beef); useful for, slimming / weight control / AW;</li> <li>low(er) / less, (total) fat ; (very) low / (much) less, saturated fat ; lower, cholesterol OR lower risk of, (coronary) heart disease / CHD / cardio-vascular diseases / heart attack / cardiac arrest / myocardial infarction / MI / angina / <u>ath</u>erosclerosis / atheroma / stroke / hypertension ;</li> </ul>	es ag	<ul> <li>ACCEPT preventing obesity ACCEPT 'less energy to burn off <i>during exercise</i>' DO NOT CREDIT 'burn off' unqualified</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>6 contains carbohydrate / AW;</li> <li>7 low(er) / less, iron content; (increased risk of) anaemia / fewer RBCs / less haemoglobin / reduced oxygen carrying capacity of blood;</li> <li>9 low(er) / less, protein;</li> <li>10 (mycoprotein provides) more <u>balanced</u> diet; need larger intake to meet requirements / AW;</li> </ul>	7 may	<ul> <li>6 ACCEPT 'more carbohydrate than beef' IGNORE 'carbs'</li> <li>8 IGNORE answers phrased in terms of role of iron alone e.g. 'haemoglobin contains iron' = 0 Answers must show consequence of deficiency e.g. 'less haemoglobin' = 1</li> </ul>
	QWC – award for 2 clear references to the table ;	1 max	Award for 2 sets of comparative figures (stated or calculated) with units – 'content per 100g' not needed <b>IGNORE</b> vague terms like 'about' as long as figs are correct
	Total	20	

	Question		Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
4	(a)	(i)			Mark the first response but do not award the mark if a further answer is incorrect or contradictory <b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> refs to length as given in stem
		1	(m)RNA is single stranded / DNA is double stranded ;		<ul> <li>ACCEPT DNA is a double helix (as stranded is implied) for this mp</li> <li>DO NOT CREDIT DNA is a double molecule</li> </ul>
		2	(m)RNA is non helical / DNA is helical ;	es	2 ACCEPT (mRNA) not twisted / not coiled / not spiral / straight / ora
4	(a)	(ii)			Mark the first response to (a)(ii) – but but do not award the mark if a further answer is incorrect or contradictory
		1	RNA contains ribose and DNA contains deoxyribose ;	-	0
		2 3	RNA contains, uracil / U, <u>and</u> DNA contains, thymine / T ; 3 / more than 1, forms of RNA ;	d۶	<ul> <li>2 DO NOT CREDIT thyamine</li> <li>3 ACCEPT 'one form of DNA'</li> </ul>
		4	RNA is, single <u>stranded</u> / non helical, <u>and</u> DNA is, double <u>stranded</u> / helical ; <i>if not already</i> <b>awarded</b> as answer in (i)		
				1	
4	(a)	(iii)	gene;	1	IGNORE allele / operon
4	(a)	(iv)	too big to / does not, fit through pore (in nuclear envelope);	1	ACCEPT 'too long to fit pore'
4	(a)	(v)	idea that only copies one, gene / section / part / AW, (of DNA);		e.g. mRNA only codes for 1 protein
			idea that DNA comprises many, genes / alleles ;	2	<b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> '1 DNA molecule contains <u>all</u> the genes' 'mRNA only codes for 1 protein but DNA codes for many proteins' = 2 marks

(	Question		Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
4	(b)	(i) 1 2 3 4	<u>non</u> -competitive (inhibitor) ; (α-amanitin / inhibitor / toxin) fits into, allosteric site / a place other than active site ; <u>active site</u> changes, shape / configuration / conformation / structure ; substrate no longer, fits / complementary to, <u>active site</u> ;	2 max	<ul> <li>3 ACCEPT 'distortion of active site'</li> <li>4 Mark to be awarded in context of active site (although need not be repeated if stated in mp 3) IGNORE ESC</li> </ul>
4	(b)	(ii) 1 2 3	inhibits production of mRNA / mRNA not produced ; prevents protein synthesis / AW ; e.g. of, specific named protein / (vital) process, that may be affected ;	2 max	<ol> <li>CREDIT prevents transcription</li> <li>CREDIT translation</li> <li>e.g. respiration / photosynthesis (as question refers to 'an organism') / haemoglobin / cytochrome C oxidase</li> </ol>
4	(c)	(i)	sequence / order, of amino acids ;	1	IGNORE number / organisation
	(c)	(ii)	A = ionic ; B = hydrogen ; C = <u>di</u> sulfide (bond / bridge) ;	3	ALLOW phonetic spelling DO NOT CREDIT disul <u>fate</u>
4	(d)	1 2 3 4 5	increased <u>kinetic</u> energy ; (any part of protein molecule) vibrates ; hydrophilic / hydrophobic / hydrogen / ionic, bonds / interactions, break ; change in, <u>3D</u> shape / conformation (of protein) ; <u>denatur</u> es ;	3 max	<ol> <li>must contain the idea of more than normal</li> <li>IGNORE Van der Waals DO NOT CREDIT if disulfide / covalent / peptide bonds are included</li> <li>IGNORE tertiary / structure (as in question) IGNORE refs to, active site / enzymes</li> </ol>
_			Total	17	

	Question		Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
5	5 (a)	(i)			For both marking points <b>ACCEPT</b> ora for what would happen if they didn't work
			mucus traps, bacteria / microbes / pathogens / microorganisms / viruses / spores ;		IGNORE ref to dirt / dust / etc
			cilia, sweep / move / waft, mucus / bacteria / pathogens / microorganisms / viruses / spore, upwards / AW ;	2	ACCEPT answers that imply out of airways e.g. to the throat / coughed / swallowed



(	Question		Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
5	(a)	(ii) 1	stage A phagocyte, attaches / binds / AW, to bacterium / pathogen ;		IGNORE stage letters and look for correct sequence DO NOT CREDIT steps that are biologically out of sequence, e.g. mp6 before mp5. Penalise once only. ACCEPT 'bacteria' throughout
		2	attaches to / binds to / recognises / AW, antigen (on bacterium) ;		2 CREDIT PAMP / antibody marker / complement marker, as AW for antigen
		3	stage B bacterium, engulfed / enters by endocytosis / enters by phagocytosis / AW ;	es	3 DO NOT CREDIT 'eaten' IGNORE pseudopodia or any other structure
		4	(formation of) phagosome / phagocytic vacuole ;		
		5 6	stage C lysosomes, fuse with / join with / move towards (phagosome) ; release / secrete, enzymes / lysins / named enzyme / hydrogen peroxide / free radicals (into phagosome) ;	ag	5 DO NOT CREDIT 'binds with'
		7 8	stage C/D bacterium, digested / broken down / hydrolysed ; (to) amino acid / sugar / glucose / fatty acid / glycerol ;		7 <b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> destroyed (as in the question)
		9 10	stage D absorbed / AW, into, <u>cytoplasm</u> / <u>cytosol</u> ; by, (facilitated / simple) diffusion / active transport ;	6 max	<b>IGNORE</b> refs to antigen presentation as this happens after the stage shown in the diagram
5	(b)	(i)	plasma (cell) ;	1	ACCEPT B lymphocyte ACCEPT effector <u>cell</u> DO NOT CREDIT lymphocyte unqualified

C	Question		Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
5	(b)	(ii) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	This is a QWC question         Y-shaped molecule / light and heavy chains / disulfide bonds / 4 polypeptide chains ;         constant region ; marker for / binds to, phagocytes / AW ;         variable region ; (antibody) specificity ; (has) complementary shape to antigen (on pathogen) ;         hinge (region) ; allows flexibility ;         more than one variable region : allows, agglutination / description of agglutination	es	CREDIT a correctly labelled diagram that is clearly an antibody CON if diagram and text are contradictory MPs 3, 5, 6, 8, 10 are stand alone but DO NOT CREDIT if context is clearly incorrect. e.g. 'constant region gives specificity' AWARD mp 2 but not mp 5 3 ACCEPT ref to opsonisation 'Complimentary shape to specific antigen' = 2 marks (mps 5 & 6) 8 IGNORE 'movement' unqualified 9 DO NOT CREDIT from diagram unless more than one is explicitly labelled or clearly keyed (e.g. by shading)
			attachment to more than one, pathogen / antigen ;		
		11	neutralisation / blocking pathogen's binding sites ;	6 max	11 ACCEPT ref. to antitoxin
			<b>QWC</b> – award when 2 marks are given in any two of the grouped sections ;	1	2 marks had been awarded from 2 of the following groups of marks (4 marks in total) mps 2 & 3 mps 4 & 5/6 mps 7 & 8 mps 9 & 10
F212					
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Question		ion	Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
5	(b)	(iii)			DO NOT CREDIT if more than 1 box is ticked
			type of immunity		<b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> a cross <b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> a tick that has been crossed out and is a 'hybrid' tick
			artificial active		
			artificial passive		
			natural active		0
			natural passive ✓ ;		OL
				1	
			Total	17	



Question		Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
6 (a)		<u>biodiversity</u> (of heathland) ; rare / endangered, species / plants / animals / fungi / organisms / named organism ; rarity of (this) <u>habitat</u> ; example of current <i>legal</i> status ;		4 e.g. National Park / SSSI / protected species / National Nature Reserves / NNR / ether / and exemption
	8 7 8	(likely) reduction in size of, habitat / ecosystem / heathland ; effect of reduced size on <u>viability</u> (of whole ecosystem) ; effect on, movement / spread, of, species / named species / plants / animals ; a method of minimizing impact / AW / named example ;	es ag	<ul> <li>5 IGNORE 'habitat destruction' alone. Must refer to extent or size of destruction.</li> <li>7 CREDIT effect on wildlife corridors Answers could refer to limiting species spread or introduction of species</li> <li>8 e.g. 'toad tunnels' / relocation of population</li> <li>'build toad tunnels so that the toads can still move between the two areas of heathland' = 2 marks (mps 7 and 9)</li> </ul>
6 (b	) (i) 2 3 4	<pre>idea of (collect in) different / wider, area ; (collect at) different,     times of day / times of year / weather conditions ; use of named, collecting / identifying, technique ; method of ensuring that individuals not counted again ; mark-release-recapture / capture-recapture, technique ;</pre>		<ul> <li>1 ALLOW several transects e.g. another path</li> <li>3 e.g. (sweep) net / photographs / feeding stations IGNORE pooter (as could only catch larvae) / light trap / use of key / single transect</li> <li>4 This mark refers to an initial or the only sample – it is not linked to mp 5</li> <li>5 CREDIT count marked individuals in 2<sup>nd</sup> sample / population = <u>no. in 1<sup>st</sup> sample x no. in 2<sup>nd</sup> sample</u> no. retrapped in 2<sup>nd</sup> sample</li> </ul>

Question		on	Expected Answer					Mark	Additional Guidance
6	(b)	(ii)	species	n	n/N	(n/N) <sup>2</sup>			Original table on question paper had incorrect figure in (n/N) <sup>2</sup> column for Grayling row. Answers for mps 2 & 3 take this into account
			Grayling ( <i>Hipparchia semele</i> )						
			Large Heath (Coenonympha tullia)		<u>0.3548</u>		;		
			Gatekeeper (Pyronia tythonus)			1.1			0
			Green Hairstreak (Callophrys rubi)		A	rch	V	es	ČL.
			Silver-studded Blue ( <i>Plebeius argus</i> )						
			Small Heath (Coenonympha phamhylus)			Her	it:	ad	
					Sum (Σ)	0.31633 OR 0.31217	;	18	
					1 - Σ	D = 0.68367 OR 0.68783	;		ACCEPT ecf from incorrect answer for $\Sigma$ (whether decimal places or rounding)
6	(b)	(iii)			-			3	IGNORE refs to relative robustness of habitat
		1	many species present / all species evenly high biodiversity ;	high repr	species ric esented / hi	hness / igh species evenn	ess /		1 ACCEPT 'types of butterfly' as AW for species IGNORE 'individuals' or 'organisms'
		2	(so) should not be deve developmen developmen should be co	lope It sho It sho onse	d / ould be mod ould be reco rved / AW ;	lified / onsidered /		2	<ul> <li>2 DO NOT CREDIT ref to 'planning' alone (as given in question)</li> <li>2 IGNORE responses that imply uncertainty about the development. e.g. 'could' 'might' 'may'</li> </ul>

Question		on	Expected Answer			Additional Guidance
6	(c)	(i)	species	letter		<b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> if more than one letter given against any individual species
			Grayling (Hipparchia semele)	Α;		
			Large Heath (Coenonympha tullia)	D ;		
			Gatekeeper (Pyronia tythonus)	F;	Ca 1992 - 1993	
			Green Hairstreak ( <i>Callophrys rubi</i> )	В;	es	Č.
			Silver-studded Blue ( <i>Plebeius argus</i> )	С;		
			Small Heath (Coenonympha phamhylus)	E	-	
				тепц	5	e
6	(c)	(ii) 1	(is) same <u>genus</u> ;			1 DO NOT CREDIT vague statements like ' <i>could</i> be in the same genus' IGNORE Coenonympha
		2	have, features / characteristics / appearan biochemistry / physiology / ana genes / genetic makeup / DNA, that are, similar / in common ;	nce / behaviour / atomy /		2 IGNORE 'similar' on its own DO NOT CREDIT 'same' IGNORE specific examples (e.g. orange wings / large spot)
		3	(share a) common, ancestor / phylogeny ;		2 max	3 ACCEPT closely related ;
				Tota	l 18	

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# GCE

#### Biology

Advanced GCE F214

Communication, Homeostasis & Energy

#### Mark Scheme for June 2010



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C	Question		Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance	
1	(a)	(i)	X adenine ;		<ul> <li>Mark the first answer for each letter. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks</li> <li>X IGNORE nitrogenous base / base / A</li> </ul>	
					DO NOT CREDIT adenosine	
			Y ribose ;		Y IGNORE pentose / sugar DO NOT CREDIT ribulose / hexose	
			Z (tri / 3) phosphate(s) ;	3	<ul> <li>Z IGNORE chemical formulae (as Q asks for name)</li> <li>DO NOT CREDIT phosphorus / phosphoryl (PO)</li> </ul>	



Question			Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance	
1	(a)	(ii)	1	transfers energy / energy 'currency' / releases energy / universal energy molecule / energy intermediate / (immediate) source of energy ;		1 IGNORE contains energy DO NOT CREDIT produce energy
			2	phosphate(s) can be removed by <u>hydrolys</u> is ;		2 ATP $\rightarrow$ ADP + P <sub>(i)</sub> by <u>hydrolys</u> is or ATP + H <sub>2</sub> O $\rightarrow$ ADP + P <sub>(i)</sub> (must include water)
			3	to , release / provide , 30 <u>kJ</u> (mol <sup>-1</sup> ) energy ;	S	3 ACCEPT 28 – 32 <u>kJ</u> DO NOT CREDIT produce energy
			4	(energy released for) metabolism / appropriate named reaction / appropriate reaction described ;	g	<ul> <li>4 e.g. • muscle contraction</li> <li>• active transport</li> <li>• phosphorylation</li> <li>• glycolysis</li> <li>• during movement binding to proteins to change their shape</li> <li>IGNORE respiration / photosynthesis unqualified</li> </ul>
			5	ADP can attach a phosphate (forming ATP) during , respiration / photosynthesis ;		<b>5 CREDIT</b> during, oxidative phosphorylation / chemiosmosis / substrate level phosphorylation /
			6	energy released in , small 'packets' (to prevent cell damage) / suitable quantity ;		priotopriotylation
					3 max	NOTE 'it releases 30kJ of energy when a phosphate is removed by hydrolysis' = 3 marks (mps 3, 1 and 2)

Question		ion	Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
1	(b)	(i)	crista ;	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks ACCEPT 'cristae' / 'inner mitochondrial membrane' IGNORE 'stalked particles'
1	(b)	(ii)	Archiv	es	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
			chemiosmosis / oxidative phosphorylation ;	ag	<ul> <li>IGNORE description of chemiosmosis <ul> <li>[e.g. • 'ATP synthesis'</li> <li>• 'electron flow along electron carriers']</li> </ul> </li> <li>IGNORE 'aerobic respiration'</li> <li>IGNORE 'electron transport chain' alone <ul> <li>(as this is not a process)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
1	(c)	(i)	1 <u>substrate</u> respired changes over time ;		Needs to be a clear statement and not just names and not inferred from candidate's complete answer
			2 initially respires (mostly), glucose / carbohydrate;		2 IGNORE respiring protein
			3 lower / decrease in / 0.75 , RQ indicates (more) , fat / lipid , as substrate or as time goes by (more) lipid is respired ;		3 IGNORE respiring protein
			4 glucose / carbohydrate , used up / decreases (over time) ;		
			5 protein not likely to be used as substrate / protein only used as a last resort ;	3 max	<i>5</i> 'Less protein respired' isn't quite enough for this mp

G	Question		Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
1	(c)	(ii)	This is a QWC question		Only CREDIT answers that refer to preventing a decrease in body temperature – no ora
			<ol> <li>peripheral / skin , thermoreceptors / (heat) receptors , stimulated (by decrease in external temp) ;</li> <li>(impulses sent to / blood temperature monitored in ) hypothalamus / sensory cortex ;</li> </ol>		GNORE negative feedback (Q only about preventing decrease)
			<ul> <li>3 vasoconstriction of , arterioles / small arteries , to reduce heat loss ;</li> <li>4 (prevents heat loss by) radiation / conduction / convection ;</li> </ul>	S	3 ACCEPT ' <u>pre</u> -capillary sphincter' instead of 'arterioles' DO NOT CREDIT other blood vessels but allow QWC
			5 increased , metabolic rate / metabolism / respiration , to generate heat (energy) ;		5 Emphasis needs to be on increase / higher rate / more
			<ul> <li>6 (release of) adrenaline / thyroxine ;</li> <li>7 shivering / (involuntary) muscle spasms , to generate heat (energy) ;</li> </ul>	o	7 Needs the idea of generating heat not just 'to keep warm '
			<pre>8 erector / hair , muscles raise , (skin) hair / fur , to trap , air / heat ; 9 AVP ;</pre>	4 max	<ul> <li>9 e.g. • specific behavioural response (such as huddling / increased exercise / move to find sun)</li> <li>• involvement of sympathetic nervous system</li> <li>• reduce sweating / reduce panting / stop panting</li> <li>DO NOT CREDIT 'stop sweating'</li> </ul>
			QWC - technical terms used appropriately and spelt correctly ;	1	Use of three terms from:         peripheral,       thermoreceptor(s),         hypothalamus,       cortex,         vasoconstriction,       metabolic rate / metabolism,         adrenaline,       thyroxine,         erector       radiation / conduction / convection         Please insert a QWC symbol next to the mark total bracket,         followed by       a tick (✓) if QWC has been awarded         or a cross (×) if QWC has not been awarded         You should use the green dot to identify the QWC terms that         you are crediting.
			Total	[16]	

Question		ion	Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
2	(a)	(i)	vein / venule ;	1	<ul> <li>Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks</li> <li>IGNORE further qualification (e.g. central / hepatic) but</li> <li>DO NOT CREDIT inappropriate name         (e.g. renal vein / hepatic portal vein)</li> </ul>
2	(a)	(ii)	hepatocyte(s) / hepatic cells ;	es es	<b>IGNORE</b> 'liver cells' (as given in Q) and 'sinusoid cells' A list must include 'hepatocytes' or 'hepatic cells' and not include an incorrect cell e.g. hepatocytes and Kupffer cells = 1 hepatocytes and $\alpha$ cells = 0 liver cells and Kupffer cells = 0
2	(b)		<pre>deamination ; carbon dioxide / CO<sub>2</sub> ; urea / CO(NH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> ; water / H<sub>2</sub>O ;</pre>	4	Mark the first answer on each prompt line. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks If a formula is given for compounds D, E and F then the formula given must be correct in order to be awarded the mark e.g. E 'urea (CONH <sub>2</sub> )' = 0 as the formula is incorrect

Question		ion	Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
2	(c)	(i)	This is a QWC question		Max 2 (instead of 3) for content if use the term , receptor / antigen / enzyme , <i>throughout</i> instead of antibody
			<ol> <li>(testing for) human chorionic gonadotrophin / hCG;</li> <li>hormone small so can pass from blood into filtrate (at Bowman's capsule);</li> </ol>	s	1 ACCEPT HCG This mark can be awarded for hCG but the name must be given in full for QWC
			<ul> <li>3 monoclonal / immobilised , antibodies / immunoglobulin , on stick ;</li> <li>4 antibodies attached to , marker / dye ;</li> <li>5 hormone , binds / complementary , to antibody ;</li> <li>6 (triggers) appearance of colour / line becomes visible ;</li> </ul>	g	<ul> <li>3 ALLOW 'strip' instead of stick</li> <li>5 IGNORE specificity</li> </ul>
			7 AVP;	3 max	<ul> <li>7 e.g. • reference to the second line to validate test</li> <li>• different antibody for second line</li> <li>• 2 coloured lines = pregnant</li> </ul>
			<b>QWC</b> - technical terms used appropriately and spelt correctly ;	1	Use of three terms from: human chorionic gonadotrophin, filtrate, monoclonal, immobilised, antibody(ies), complementary

C	Question			Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
2	(c)	(ii)				<b>IGNORE</b> enhances performance (as given in Q)
			1	fairness / giving unfair advantage / does not give an 'even playing field' ;		1 ACCEPT comment about cheating IGNORE idea of should be available to all
			2	idea of health risks / dangerous / unhealthy / fatal / side effects :		2 IGNORE 'has an effect on health'
			3	specified health risk ;		<ul> <li>3 e.g. • depression</li> <li>aggression</li> <li>liver , damage / failure</li> <li>heart attack</li> <li>masculinisation of female athletes</li> <li>feminisation of male athletes</li> <li>infertility</li> </ul>
			4	idea of distrust of 'outstanding' performances / does not reflect athlete's natural talent / sport should reflect athlete's natural talent ;		2
			5 6	<i>idea of</i> pressure to keep up with rival competitors ; <i>idea that</i> can train for longer (without tiring) / can respire longer (without tiring) / can recover from injury quicker / can build up muscle mass ;		
			7	AVP ;	3 max	<ul> <li>7 e.g. • up to the individual to decide</li> <li>• idea that athletes should be role models</li> </ul>
				Total	[13]	

C	Question		Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
3	(a)	(i)	Credit in either order		<b>Mark the first two answers.</b> If either of the answers is correct and an additional answer (i.e. 3 <sup>rd</sup> etc) is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then -1 for each additional incorrect answer
			reduced NAD <u>P</u> / NAD <u>P</u> H / NAD <u>P</u> H <sub>2</sub> / NAD <u>P</u> H + H <sup>+</sup> ;	s	<b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> reduced NAD / NADH / NADH <sub>2</sub> / NADH + H <sup>+</sup> <b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> oxygen / O <sub>2</sub> (as not used in Calvin cycle) e.g. ATP ( $\checkmark$ ) and NADPH ( $\checkmark$ ) and GP (-1) = 1 NADH ( $\times$ ) and ATP ( $\checkmark$ ) and oxygen (-1) = 0 GP ( $\times$ ) and H <sub>2</sub> O ( $\times$ ) and ATP and NADPH = 0 ATP ( $\checkmark$ ) and NADPH ( $\checkmark$ ) and GP (-1) and H <sub>2</sub> O (-1) = 0
3	(a)	(ii)	<ul> <li>regenerates / produces , ribulose bisphosphate / RuBP ; so cycle can continue / for (further) CO<sub>2</sub> fixation / to combine with CO<sub>2</sub> ;</li> <li>formation of (named) , sugar / glucose / hexose / sucrose /</li> </ul>	2	3 IGNORE carbohydrate without qualification but
			<ul> <li>4 formation of (named) , fat / triglyceride / lipid / fatty acids / glycerol / amino acids / protein / nucleic acids / nucleotides ;</li> </ul>		CREDIT suitably named carbohydrate
			5 10x TP for RuBP <u>and</u> 2x TP for production or most TP used to produce RuBP <u>and</u> the rest for production ;	3 max	5 Needs to refer to both CREDIT 5/6 regenerated <u>and</u> the rest for production

3 (	(b)	(i)				
			(or or use or inv	ygen used <u>and</u> carbon dioxide , produced / excreted ; hly) occurs in the light / light (energy) required es , (same) photosynthetic enzyme / Rubisco rolves Calvin cycle ;	2	DO NOT CREDIT comments that categorically state 'it <u>is</u> respiration' CREDIT 'sun' instead of 'light' IGNORE ref to light dependent stage [S & C x 2]
3 (	(b)	(ii)	1 2 3 4 5 6	<pre>reduces (rate of) photosynthesis / increases (rate of) photorespiration ; less Rubisco available for CO<sub>2</sub> / more oxygen competing with CO<sub>2</sub> for Rubisco / more O<sub>2</sub> binding to Rubisco O<sub>2</sub> outcompetes CO<sub>2</sub> for Rubisco ; less CO<sub>2</sub> , fixation / for Calvin cycle ; CO<sub>2</sub> given off ; less , glycerate 3-phosphate / GP / TP , produced ; less RuBP , regenerated / formed ;</pre>	<b>g</b> 3 max	<ul> <li>2 ACCEPT oxygen blocks active site of Rubisco CREDIT 'enzyme' instead of 'Rubisco' Needs to convey the idea that oxygen more successful / more oxygenase activity Be careful not to credit RuBP</li> <li>5 IGNORE number before name unless used to indicate more or less (compare flow charts)</li> <li>6 [S &amp; C x 3]</li> </ul>

Question		ion	Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
3	(b)	(iii)	<i>idea that</i> oxygen , not a substrate for / cannot bind to / will not compete for , PEP carboxylase <b>or</b> PEP carboxylase , is only specific to carbon dioxide ;	1	ACCEPT PEP carboxylase cannot 'fix' oxygen [S & C x 1]
			Total	[11]	2.



G	Question		Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
4	(a)	(i)	starch contains (only) glucose <b>and</b> sucrose contains , 50% glucose <b>or</b> glucose and fructose ; by <u>hydrolys</u> is , starch releases more glucose / sucrose releases less glucose ;	2	
4	(a)	(ii)	both starch and cellulose are (only) made of glucose ; starch , is digestible / can be broken down and cellulose , is indigestible / cannot be broken down ; (named) enzyme present for starch digestion / no (named) enzyme present for cellulose digestion ;	2 max	& e
4	(b)		<ul> <li>low / decrease , starch ;</li> <li>as starch has the greatest effect on blood glucose conc. ;</li> <li>increase / include , cellulose / fibre / roughage / fat / protein / meat , as no effect on blood glucose ;</li> <li>some / medium amount of , sugars / sucrose / lactose ;</li> <li><i>idea of</i> limiting , sucrose / lactose / fat / protein , as causes an increase in insulin <u>and</u> will make cells less responsive (to insulin) ;</li> </ul>	3 max	<ol> <li>ACCEPT 'no starch'</li> <li>'substantial' or 'high' or 'big' is not quite enough</li> <li>IGNORE the idea that , fat / protein , increases insulin and could indirectly lower blood glucose (as this is not relevant to Type 2 diabetes)</li> <li>DO NOT CREDIT little effect / less effect (as table shows <u>no</u> effect)</li> </ol>

C	Question			Expected Answer		Mark	Additional Guidance
4	(c)			glycogen	glucagon		Award one mark per row
			type of compound	carbohydrate OR polysaccharide	hormone OR polypeptide OR protein		both glycogen and glucagon IGNORE polymer or macromolecule unless qualified glycogen DO NOT CREDIT complex sugar / sugar
			role of compound	storage OR to provide glucose (when blood glucose conc. falls) OR can undergo glycogenolysis	binds to cell receptor OR causes conversion of glycogen to glucose OR stimulates glycogenolysis OR increases (blood) glucose concentration	g	<i>both glycogen and glucagon</i> Look for <i>qualification</i> of glycogenolysis
			site of production	liver <b>OR</b> hepatocytes	pancreas OR islets of Langerhans OR alpha / α , cells	3	<i>glycogen</i> ACCEPT muscle / brain <i>glucagon</i> ACCEPT 'a cells' IGNORE pancrease DO NOT CREDIT beta / β, cells
					Tota	[10]	

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C	Question		Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
5	(a)	(i)	Ε;	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
5	(a)	(ii)	A and F;	1	Mark the first <u>two</u> answers for <u>one</u> mark. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
5	(a)	(iii)	D; AICIIVE	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
5	(a)	(iv)	<sup>B;</sup> Herita	g	<b>Mark the first answer.</b> If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = <b>0 marks</b>
5	(b)	(i)	В;	1	<b>Mark the first answer.</b> If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = <b>0 marks</b>
5	(b)	(ii)	channel / receptor / ion , is different ; AVP ;	1 max	<ul> <li>IGNORE has enzyme to break it down (as Q states that it is stored in body)</li> <li>DO NOT CREDIT ref to active site</li> <li>e.g. • <i>idea that</i> toxin confined to , organelle / organ / part of the body</li> <li>• toxin not , in general circulation / (circulated) in blood</li> <li>• toxin stored in inactive form</li> <li>• contains a compound that neutralises toxin [S &amp; C x 1]</li> </ul>

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C	Question			Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
5	(c)	(i)	1	attacked by the body's (own) immune system ;		1 Named parts of the immune system are credited in $mp.3 - not$ in this mp
			2	(immune system) mistakes / treats / recognises , body cells / neurones / myelin , as , 'foreign' / non self ;		
			3	correct ref. to , antibodies / (named) phagocytes / (named) B lymphocytes / (named) T lymphocytes ;	2 max	0
5	(c)	(ii)	1	(damage to) myelin / sheath / Schwann cell(s) ;	S	1 IGNORE damaged neurone (as given in Q)
			2	removes / has less , insulation ;		
			3	interferes with / slows / stops , conduction of , (nerve) impulse / action potential or slows / stops / prevents , saltatory conduction / described ;	g	<ul> <li>3 e.g. • more gaps where depolarisation needs to take place</li> <li>• shorter local , circuits / currents</li> </ul>
			4	occurs , in sensory neurones / towards brain / towards CNS / from sensory organ / from receptor ;	2 max	
				Total	[10]	

[END]

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## GCE

#### Biology

Advanced GCE F215

Control, Genomes and Environment

### Mark Scheme for June 2010



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Question			Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
1	(a)	(i)	microbes / (living) organisms / cells / enzymes ;		CREDIT CREDITmicroorganisms / bacteria / prokaryotes / fungiCREDIT Iving things CREDITcell components / parts of cells
			(make) product / for human benefit / (carry out) conversion / reaction / industrial process ;	2	<b>CREDIT</b> example such as (named) food or medicine BUT IGNORE cheese (as stated in question) IGNORE process unqualified
1	(a)	(ii)	Hori		Mark the first two suggestions IGNORE contamination / sterile IGNORE idea of preserving milk
			microbes / AW , killed / removed / not present ;	<b>_</b> C	AW for microbes as in (a)(i) plus ACCEPT organisms
			enzymes <u>denature</u> d ;		DO NOT CREDIT microbes denatured
			(so no) competitors / unwanted reactions / (human) health risk ;		<b>CREDIT</b> (no) competition <b>CREDIT</b> (no) food spoilage / change of flavour / loss of quality <b>CREDIT</b> (no) pathogens / harmful microbes / TB
				2 max	"Kills harmful microbes" or "Kills pathogens" scores 2 marks (mps 1 & 3)

Q	uest	ion	Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
1	(b)	(i)			Award mp 1 plus 2 max from the other mark points
		1	enzyme;		1 ACCEPT globular / tertiary / catalyst / catalytic (protein)
		2	<i>plus any 2 of the following</i> (enzyme) not, changed / used up <b>; ora</b>	1	2 ora = can be used again / re-used IGNORE enzyme recycled
		3	idea of ESC (forms) / substrate and enzyme (bind);	/e	3 ESC = enzyme-substrate complex ACCEPT substrate entering active site
		4	products (and enzyme) released at end ;		
				max 2	
1	(b)	(ii)			Mark the FIRST suggestion on each numbered line
				-	<b>IGNORE</b> 'cheaper' without qualification
		1	(enzyme can be removed to be) used again ;		2e
		2	(enzyme can) to leave pure(r) product; ora		2 ACCEPT cheaper / easier, downstream processing
		3	(enzyme) more stable / more efficient / works better ;		<b>3 CREDIT</b> less susceptible to, pH / temperature, change / extremes
					<pre>"enzymes work at high temperatures" = 0</pre>
					<pre>"enzymes work at higher temperatures" = 1</pre>
					(because comparative statement made)
				2	

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Mark Scheme

G	Question		Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
1	(c)	1	This is a QWC question Section I - Obtaining the gene use restriction_enzyme / endonuclease :		
		2 3	to, cut out / get / isolate, (rennin) gene / DNA coding for rennin or to, fragment / digest, DNA ; gene probe ; OR		<ol> <li>CREDIT named example e.g. <i>Eco</i> R1, <i>Bam</i> H1, <i>Hin</i> dIII</li> <li>DO NOT CREDIT 'cut gene' IGNORE 'break up DNA'</li> </ol>
		4 5 6 7 8 9	obtain rennin mRNA ; (use) reverse transcriptase ; to make cDNA ; <i>OR</i> sequence, rennin (protein) ; work out base code ; make this DNA sequence :	/e	NOTE 1-9 CREDIT whichever of the three alternative "obtaining the gene" protocols yields most marks, either award marking points 1-3 or 4-6 or 7-9
		10 11	sticky ends ; Section II - Vector cut (open), plasmid / phage ;	ta	10 can be awarded, once only, in Sections I or II
		12 13 14 15 16	using same <u>restriction</u> enzyme ; annealing / base pairing of sticky ends ; join sugar-phosphate backbones ; (using DNA) ligase ; <u>recombinant</u> , vector / plasmid / phage / DNA ;		<ul> <li>DO NOT CREDIT cut out plasmid</li> <li>DO NOT CREDIT 'ring of DNA' unless it is clear that plasmid is being referred to</li> <li>12 CREDIT same named enzyme (re. mp1)</li> <li>13 CREDIT idea of sticky end bases hydrogen bonding</li> <li>14 CREDIT formation of phosphodiester bonds</li> </ul>
		17 18 19	Section III - Introduction into host cell mix with bacteria ; detail of conditions ; <u>transform</u> ation (plasmid) / <u>transduc</u> tion (phage) ;	max 7	<ul> <li>18 e.g. Ca<sup>2+</sup> ions added / heatshock (freeze then inc to 40°C)</li> <li>19 CREDIT transform / transformed / transduce / transduced IGNORE transgenic</li> </ul>
			QWC – sequencing of steps – at least 1 mark point scored from each of the three sections, in the correct order ; TOTAI	1	I. obtaining gene       (mp 1 - 9) followed by         II. vector       (mp 13 - 16) followed by         III. introduction to host cell (mp 17 - 19)

G	Quest	ion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
2	(a)	(i)	red ; vermillion ; cinnabar ;		
				3	
2	(a)	(ii)	(recessive) epistasis / epistatic ;	1	ACCEPT complementary epistasis DO NOT CREDIT dominant epistasis
2	(a)	(iiii)		•	
	(u)	1 2	gene products are enzymes ; multi-enzyme / multi-step, pathway ;	/e	<ul> <li>2 needs to be a clear generalised statement (and not implied - e.g. by awarding mp 3)</li> <li>IGNORE 'metabolic' pathway (as given in question)</li> </ul>
		3	<u>3</u> , steps / enzymes, change tryptophan to red pigment ;		<b>3 ACCEPT</b> V, C and B are responsible for the change of tryptophan to red
		4	product of one reaction / intermediate compound, is, substrate / starting point, for next ;	a	ge
		5	dominant allele gives, functional / wild-type / AW, enzyme ;		D
		6	recessive allele gives,		
			non-runctional / different / Avv, enzyme;	max 3	
2	(b)	(i) 1	<i>if (red-eyed parent) was heterozygous</i> there would be no difference between, sexes / males and females ;		IGNORE ref to sex linkage
		2	red-eyed males and white-eyed females would occur;		<b>2 ACCEPT</b> "because there are no red-eyed males and white-eyed females (in results)" "all 4 phenotypes would, occur / be represented"
		_	1:1:1:1 ratio		<b>DO NOT</b> infer phenotype(s) from genotype(s)
		3	or		
			1:1 ratio in doth sexes ;		3 If 4 phenotypes stated / listed together with the ratio, then award mp 2 as well
				max 2	

Question		ion	Expected Answers							Marks	Additional Guidance
2	(b)	(ii)	parental genotypes		XrX	r	XRY-	;			ACCEPT alternative letters only if a KEY is given. Must have capital letter for dominant allele and small (same) letter for recessive allele.
			gametes		Xr		XR and	Y- ;			<b>CREDIT</b> GAMETES <b>either</b> on the correct line <b>or</b> in correct place on Punnett square,
			F1 genotyp	bes	XRX	(r	XrY-	;			whichever is correct. They do not need to be in circles.
										/e	ACCEPT ecf once only if Y wrongly shown as carrying 'r' allele ACCEPT ecf once only if X and Y missing
							14	lor	-i i	3	DO NOT CREDIT F1 genotypes written in blank space if F1 phenotypes put on bottom lines instead
2	(b)	(iii)								5	One mark per row
			phenotype of fly	0	Е	0 - E	(O – E) <sup>2</sup>	<u>(O – E)</u> <sup>2</sup> E			ACCEPT fractions in last column (4/25)
			red-eyed female	27	25	2	4	0.16	;		
			white- eyed male	23	25	-2	4	0.16	;		
			$\chi^2 = 0.32;$							-	
			no significant	diffe	rence	(at 95% (	confidence	level);			ACCEPT not significant IGNORE ref to happening by chance
											ACCEPT ecf for last two points IGNORE arguments referring to null hypothesis
									Total	4	

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G	luest	ion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
3	(a)	(i) 1 2	similar / same, cells / metabolism ; similar / same / share, <u>genes</u> <b>or</b> have <u>genes</u> in common ;		1 ACCEPT they are all eukaryotic cells
		3 4	similar / same, (embryonic) development ; shared, ancestry / ancestor <b>or</b> all related by evolution ;	max 2	4 CREDIT due to phylogeny ACCEPT all same <u>kingdom</u> IGNORE 'they are all animals'
3	(a)	(ii) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	small ; short life cycle ; easy to, keep / breed / AW ; cheap (to buy / keep ) ; readily available / common / not rare ; large cells ; previously well-studied / many known mutants ;	a	<ul> <li>Mark the FIRST answer on each numbered line</li> <li>2 ACCEPT fast development / mature quickly / fast reproductive rate / short generation time</li> <li>3 ACCEPT produce many offspring</li> <li>7 ACCEPT genome has been, mapped / sequenced</li> </ul>
3	(b)	(i)	scanning ; electron (microscope) ;	2	CREDIT SEM = 2 marks ACCEPT transmission electron / TEM = 1 mark IGNORE micrograph
3	(b)	(ii)	description of legs in place of antennae in, mutant / 3.2 / AW ;	1	ACCEPT projections on head / antennae / feelers, longer (in Fig. 3.2) DO NOT CREDIT antennae / projections vs. none DO NOT CREDIT mandibles / fangs DO NOT CREDIT incorrect statement e.g. legs on mouth
3	(b)	(iii)	homeotic / homeobox / hox ;	1	

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C	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
3	(c)	1 2 2	synthesis DNA, copied into $/ \rightarrow$ , <u>m</u> RNA or described;		MAX 6 marks for synthesis MAX 6 marks for roles
		3 4	one strand copied ;		<b>1 DO NOT CREDIT</b> descriptions that contain errors
		5 6	complementary base-pairing ; triplet code / code read in threes / codon is 3 bases ;		<b>3 ACCEPT</b> coding / sense / non-sense / template, strand (implying one only)
		7 8	base sequence determines amino acid sequence ; <u>translat</u> ion ;	1 91-2392	4 CREDIT description of base pairing as correct to context
		9	role of tRNA described ; (max 6)	ve	SĞ
		10 11	roles of polypeptides (named) structural protein ;	-	<ul> <li>9 e.g. "tRNA brings amino acid" or "tRNA anticodon binds to mRNA codon"</li> </ul>
		12	enzymes / catalyse reactions / control metabolism;	Ld	10 e.g. actin / myosin / collagen / keratin
		13 14	hormones / growth factors ; receptor proteins ;		
		15	adenyl cyclase / cAMP ;		<b>12 CREDIT</b> growth hormone / GH / somatotrophin / FSH
		16	idea of switching genes, on / off ;		14 most likely to be expressed in context of mp 12
		17	homeotic / homeobox, genes <b>or</b> homeodomain proteins :		<b>15 CREDIT</b> transcription factors / regulatory proteins / repressor proteins
			idea of master switch gene / one gene turns on/off whole set of other genes / cascades of gene switching ;		
		18	apoptosis ; (max 6		
				7 max	
			QWC – balanced account ;	1	At least 2 marks from points 1 - 9 <u>and</u> at least 2 marks from points 10 – 18
			Tota	l 16	

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Q	Question			Expected Answ	ers	Marks	Additional Guidance
4	(a)						One mark per box
				similarity	difference		
				mitochondria or	NMJ membrane(s), wavy / AW * ora or		difference NMJ is neuromuscular junction * AW ACCEPT wiggly / bumpy / not smooth / rough / larger SA / any suitable description
			structure	or postsynaptic receptors ;	(shape) or enzymes in different places ;	ve.	but IGNORE microvilli
			function	(neuro)transmitter, released / crosses gap or changes potential difference / AW **	different neurotransmitters / ACh vs. dopamine or muscle contraction	ta	<i>difference</i> <b>ACh</b> is acetylcholine
				or enzymes break down (neuro)transmitter ;	vs. nerve impulse or different enzymes ;	4	** AW CREDIT depolarises / -70 mV → +40 mV but IGNORE pass on action potential
4	(b)	(i) 1	phenelzine	;		1	Award mp1 and, if correct, any 1 from the remaining points
		2 3	<i>no ecf fror</i> idea that do idea that bi	<i>m incorrect drug</i> bes not bind to (dopamine) nds to, MAO / enzyme ;	receptor ; <b>ora</b>		<ul> <li>2 CREDIT other two do bind to dopamine receptor</li> <li>3 IGNORE inhibits, MAO / enzyme (as given in the question) </li> </ul>
		4	allosteric si	te / non-competitive inhibite	or;	max 1	<b>4 ACCEPT</b> "not a competitive inhibitor"
4	(b)	(ii)	(drug) occu without cau reduces <b>ef</b>	ipies / blocks / binds to, (do ising, action potential / resp f <b>ect of</b> dopamine / is a dop	opamine) receptors; oonse; amine antagonist;	2	<b>CREDIT</b> "without causing depolarisation" / AW <b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> "inhibits dopamine" or "reduces dopamine levels

C	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
4	(c)	(i)	humans are, diploid / 2n ; chromosomes, are in pairs / homologous ; one, (copy / gene / allele),		DO NOT CREDIT ref to bivalents
			from each parent / on each chromosome of pair ;	2 max	
4	(c)	(ii)	(gel) <u>electrophoresis</u> ;	1	
4	(d)	1	13 b-p deletion (has most serious consequences) ;		
		2 3 4	frameshift / alter reading frame ; genetic code is triplet / read in groups of 3 bases ; alters all amino acids (coded for) after the mutation ;	/e	5 &c
		5 6	21 b-p deletion causes 7 amino acids to be lost ; substitution changes, one / no, amino acids ;	3 max	<b>6 CREDIT</b> could be a silent mutation / 1 b-p substitution may not have an effect
4	(e)	1	natural selection;		
		2 3 4	<u>selective advantage</u> ; (allele / behaviour) increases, survival / breeding / AW ; (because) helped, find food / find new resources / make new tools / get mates ;		<ul> <li>3 CREDIT increases reproductive success / AW</li> <li>4 ACCEPT more promiscuous / AW</li> </ul>
		5 6	allele passed on (to next generation) ; (allele / behaviour) increased in frequency over, generations / time ;	4 max	6 MUST HAVE time element
			Total	18	

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Question Expected Answers	Marks Additional Guidance	
5 (a) ecosystem ; producers / autotrophs ;	DO NOT CREDIT plants	
trop <u>h</u> ic level(s) ; biotic / living ; minerals / elements ;	DO NOT CREDIT tropic         CREDIT named, element / ion, e.g. nitrogen, nitrate         ACCEPT symbol e.g. N / NO3 <sup>-</sup> ACCEPT nutrient         DO NOT CREDIT energy / waste products	
5       (b)       (i)         1       limiting / density-dependent, factors ;         2       carrying capacity ;	vesa	
3 intraspecific competition ;	<ul> <li><b>3 ACCEPT</b> description</li> <li>e.g. • "competition with other members of the same speci</li> <li>• "competition with other (small) squirrels"</li> </ul>	es"
4 for, food / nesting sites ;	4 ACCEPT they run out of food	
5 interspecific competition ;	5 ACCEPT description	"
6 with, deer / tree shrew / giant squirrel ;	e.g. "competition with other species	<b>;</b> "
<ul> <li><i>larger squirrel populations</i> attract more predators ;</li> <li>parasites / diseases, spread more easily ;</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>7 DO NOT CREDIT predation alone, must be linked to larger squirrel population</li> <li>8 DO NOT CREDIT disease alone, must be linked to larger squirrel population</li> </ul>	1
<ul> <li>6 With, deer / tree snrew / giant squirrel;</li> <li><i>larger squirrel populations</i> attract more predators;</li> <li>8 parasites / diseases, spread more easily;</li> </ul>	7 DO NOT CREDIT predation alone, must be linked to larger squ 8 DO NOT CREDIT disease alone, must be linked to larger squ max 4	uirrel population

Q	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
5	(b)	(ii)	species richness & evenness decrease ; ora		ACCEPT they both, decrease / decline / fall
			(richness) 29 $\rightarrow$ 26 (species) ;		ACCEPT $6 \rightarrow 4$ or 2 fewer (from table) or 3 fewer (from text)
			(evenness) large numbers of, 2 / some, species, but, low numbers / none, of other species ;		CREDIT suitable named e.g.s from table
				max 2	
5	(c)	(i)	rare initially / AW ;		ACCEPT that there weren't very many at start
			prey, numbers have reduced / have become extinct / have left the area ;	/e	DO NOT CREDIT 'lack of food' unless has indicated that food is an animal
			idea of slower reproductive rate / AW;	max 1	ACCEPT don't breed as fast / don't have as many offspring
5	(c)	(ii)			Mark the FIRST suggestion on each numbered line
-	(-)	1	aesthetic / amenity / recreational, value :		1 ACCEPT description.
					e.g. beautiful / so people will visit /
					so people will use it for leisure
		2	(eco)tourism ;		2 ACCEPT description, e.g. raise money from visitors
		3	to, preserve biodiversity / preserve genetic diversity / stop extinction ;		<b>3 ACCEPT</b> description, e.g. keep more species
		4	ref. interactions between species /		4 ACCEPT description,
			need to preserve whole habitat;		e.g. if habitat destroyed there will be a knock-on
					effect on many species
		5	(rainforest species / preserve gene pool as)		<b>5</b> ACCEPT for drugs, pharmaceuticals, GM
			could be useful, in future / as potential,		or GM e.g. (like crop improvement)
		6	to support indigenous peoples / AW :		6 ACCEPT let native people continue to live in forest
		U	to support indigenous peoples / Avv ,		income for indigenous people
		7	to stop effect of deforestation on,		<b>7 ACCEPT</b> to stop, $CO_2$ % rising / global warming / erosion
			atmosphere / climate / soil;		or forest acts as C, sink / store
		8	AVP :		8 e.g. • habitat for pollinators
		-			<ul> <li>habitat for predators of pests</li> </ul>
					DO NOT CREDIT 'right to life'
				max 3	

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Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance	
5 (d)	M1 M2 M3 M4 M5 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5	management practices         coppicing / pollarding / description ;         selective felling / description ;         rotational felling / description ;         strip felling ;         replant after felling ;         explanation of benefits re. sustainability         preserves / prevents disruption to,         habitat / ecosystems / nesting sites ;         maintains / increases, species diversity / biodiversity ;         prevents, soil erosion / leaching ;         less disturbance by machinery ;         AVP ;		<ul> <li>LOOK FOR key ideas expressed in different ways</li> <li>M1 CREDIT coppicing with standards / rotational coppicing</li> <li>M2 ACCEPT only some trees cut down</li> <li>M3 ACCEPT cycle of felling different areas</li> <li>B5 CREDIT specific benefits linked to a practice</li> <li>e.g. • faster recovery due to seeding from untouched areas nearby (M3)</li> <li>• pollarding so deer can't eat shoots (M1)</li> </ul>	
		Total	20		
Question		ion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
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6	(a)	1 2	to cope with changing conditions / AW ; avoid <u>abiotic</u> stress ;		<ul> <li>1 Looking for a general statement</li> <li>DO NOT CREDIT "adapt to change"</li> </ul>
		3	to maximise photosynthesis or to obtain more, light / water / minerals ; ora		3 CREDIT named elements / ions IGNORE nutrients
		4	avoid, herbivory / grazing ;	/e	<ul> <li>4 methods of preventing grazing could include producing more toxins / more spines / encouraging stinging ants</li> <li>IGNORE predation</li> </ul>
		5	to ensure, germination in suitable conditions / pollination / seed set / seed dispersal ;	max 2	<b>5 DO NOT CREDIT</b> 'maximise reproduction' without further qualification
6	(b)	(i) 1 2 3 4 5 6	in water / in <b>A</b> / with no abscisic acid, germination increases as conc. GA increases ; when abscisic acid present / in <b>B</b> , no germination ; maximum germination 90% with 5 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> GA, in water / without abscisic acid ; 2 comparative figures (x and y refs. plus units) ; GA concentration increases, logarithmically / by a factor of 10, on x axis ; 10 times more GA gives, 3 (conc 0.05 to 0.5) / 0.5 (conc 0.5 to 5), times more germination ;	<u>max 2</u>	2 DO NOT CREDIT 'inhibits germination' (as this is a conclusion not a description)3 ACCEPT 91% ( $\pm$ 2%) for 90%4 EITHER compare A and B at the same GA conc OR two points on same line with units for both $\boxed{GA conc} \qquad A \qquad B \\ (mol dm^3) \qquad (\%) \qquad (\%) \\ \hline{0 \qquad 10 \pm 2 \qquad 0} \\ \hline{0.05 \qquad 22 \pm 2 \qquad 0} \\ \hline{0.5 \qquad 66 \pm 2 \qquad 0} \\ \hline{5 \qquad 91 \pm 2 \qquad 0} \\ \hline \end{aligned}$

Mark Scheme

C	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
6	(b)	(ii) 1 2 3	so temperature doesn't affect results / so only desired variable(s) changed / to show just the effect of plant hormones ; since temperature affects enzyme activity ; suitable / optimum, temperature for (lettuce) germination ;	2 max	<ol> <li>ACCEPT fair test IGNORE to control temperature / temperature is a limiting factor / temperature is a controlled variable</li> <li>CREDIT "optimum temperature for enzyme activity" or "this is the temperature when enzymes work best"</li> <li>ACCEPT 'these' seeds</li> </ol>
6	(b)	(iiii) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	<u>volumes</u> of liquid(s) ; ABA concentration ; oxygen availability ; age of seeds ; previous storage of seeds / viability idea ; genotype / variety, of seeds ; size / type of, petri dish / filter paper ; length of time experiment left for (before recording results) ; space between seeds ; AVP ;		<ul> <li>Mark the FIRST suggestion on each numbered line DO NOT CREDIT conc, GA / giberrellin (as this is the independent variable)</li> <li>IGNORE number of seeds (as given in the question)</li> <li>1 DO NOT CREDIT amounts / levels CREDIT volume of, water / GA / ABA</li> <li>3 IGNORE carbon dioxide</li> <li>6 CREDIT "from same batch of seeds" or "seeds from same plant"</li> <li>10 e.g. • light qualified (duration / intensity / wavelength) • use of distilled water • all lids, off / on</li> </ul>

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Question		ion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
6	(c)	1	seedless fruits / grapes :		Mark the FIRST TWO suggestions IGNORE the names of plant growth regulators
	2 3 4 5	2 3 4 5	weedkillers; rooting powder / to grow cuttings / used in tissue culture; control fruit ripening; controls fruit drop;		4 could be used to speed up or slow down
		6 7 8 9	restrict hedge growth ; preserve, cut flowers / green vegetables ; specific example of improved fruit quality ; producing malt / in brewing ;		<ul> <li>8 e.g. • longer stalks on grapes</li> <li>• longer apples</li> </ul>
		10 11	AVP; AVP; Herit	2 max	<ul> <li>10 &amp; 11 e.g.</li> <li>promoting sexual maturity in conifers</li> <li>promoting latex flow in rubber plants</li> <li>promoting sexual maturity in female cucumber plants</li> <li>longer nodes in sugar cane</li> <li>restricting growth in, chrysanthemums / other e.g.</li> </ul>
-			Total	13	

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